

Yazoo Backwater Area Water Management Project



APPENDIX E- Final Programmatic Agreement

January 2025

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JANUARY 2025 FINAL AMENDED PROGRAMMATIC AGREEMENT

AMONG THE U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS (USACE) VICKSBURG DISTRICT; TRIBAL NATIONS; SHPO/STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICERS; AND THE MISSISSIPPI LEVEE BOARD; REGARDING THE YAZOO BACKWATER AREA WATER MANAGEMENT PROJECT (HEREAFTER REFERRED TO THE YAZOO BACKWATER PROJECT)

PREAMBLE

WHEREAS, the mission of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), Memphis District (MVM), Vicksburg District (MVK), and New Orleans District (MVN), is to deliver vital public and military engineering services; partnering in peace and war to strengthen our Nation's security, energize the economy, and reduce risks from disasters; and

WHEREAS, the Yazoo Backwater Project Area is located in west-central Mississippi and is bordered by the left descending bank of the mainline Mississippi River levee on the west, the west bank levees of the Whittington Auxiliary Channel, the connecting channel on the east, and the Yazoo River on the south. The area which includes portion of Humphreys, Issaquena, Sharkey, Warren, Washington, and Yazoo counties, Mississippi and part of Madison Parish, Louisiana, contains approximately 630,000 acres, equaling the lands that fall within the 100-year flooded frequency. The current work items are listed in Amended Appendix A; and

WHEREAS, the Yazoo Basin, Yazoo Backwater, Mississippi, Project, of which the Yazoo Backwater Project Area is a part, was authorized by the Flood Control Act (FCA) of August 18, 1941 (House Document [HD] 359/77/1), as amended by the Acts of December 22, 1944 and October 27, 1965 (HD 308/88/2) and the Water Resources Development Act (WRDA) of 1986 and 1996 and includes flood control features including levees, associated drainage channels, pump stations, and floodgates; and

WHEREAS, features completed to protect the Yazoo Backwater Project area from Mississippi River backwater floods include: 1) Muddy Bayou drainage structure (1978); 2) Steele Bayou Control Structure (1969); 3) Little Sunflower Control Structure (1975); 4) Yazoo Backwater Levee (1978); and 5) a 15-mile connecting channel between the Steele Bayou and Little Sunflower control structures (1978); the Yazoo Area Pump Project is the only feature of the Yazoo Backwater Project that remains unconstructed, and the Yazoo Backwater Area is the only major backwater area in the Mississippi River and Tributaries Project (MR&T) that does not have a pumping plant; and

WHEREAS, the Yazoo backwater levee, though it prevents floodwaters from entering the Yazoo Backwater Area, also prevents water from leaving the area, often trapping the water from the 4,093 square mile drainage area for extended periods of time. This effectively creates an artificial lake, uninhabitable by nearly all species. Aquatic species are acutely affected by low dissolved oxygen (DO) created by the stagnant, reducing conditions. Terrestrial species must flee or face mortality by the significant depth of the water. The human population of the Delta also suffers significantly.; and

WHEREAS, flooding in the Yazoo Backwater Study Area (YSA) occurs during high Mississippi River events that result in the closure of the Steele Bayou water control structure causing rainfall that occurs within YSA drainage to accumulate within the YSA. Known as backwater flooding, the most recent backwater flooding in 2019 lasted for approximately 6 months, caused hundreds of millions of dollars in damages, flooded over 600 homes, and caused increased risks to human health and safety. In addition, the sustained duration of the 2019 flood had substantial effects on local underserved and overburdened communities and residents of the YSA; and

WHEREAS, following the 2019 flood event, representatives from USACE, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) completed site visits of the backwater area and began evaluating options for addressing backwater flooding and began compiling new scientific data collected in recent years. This new and improved data, in combination with the realization that future flooding will likely be more frequent and more significant considering climate change, and growing safety and economic concerns related to flooding, prompted the initiation of an updated evaluation of previous project area analysis and study; and

WHERAS, the severe impacts of the 2019 flooding heightened collaboration between federal agencies and focused attention and resources by federal government leadership prompting renewed interest in the development of a new proposal for constructing the remaining features of the Yazoo Backwater Project in a way that would provide significant flood risk reduction for the Yazoo Backwater communities and the local economy while avoiding and minimizing impacts to important environmental resources. Building off decades of public input, interagency partnerships, and a legacy of environmental data updated with new environmental and hydraulic data, this Water Management Plan addresses the flood risk aspect of the Yazoo Backwater, inclusive of structural and non-structural features, while balancing the needs of the environment; and

WHEREAS, analysis of new environmental and hydraulic data includes: (1) a revised period of record, (2) a higher resolution digital elevation model, and (3) the use of the 2018 National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS) land use data in response to criticism of prior evaluations which were limited to smaller geographic areas within the YSA; and

WHEREAS, the intent of the Yazoo Backwater Water Management Plan is to address the direct effects of flood risk to the locally affected community by decreasing flood depth and duration through 5 features: 1) high volume pumps to manage water levels (located adjacent to the existing Steele Bayou Water Control structure); 2) management of the flood water levels between the Yazoo River and the backwater tributaries during high Mississippi River stages, which involves seasonal pump operation; 3) monitoring of water control operations coupled with long-term analysis and collaborative development of water control adjustments based upon long-term analysis; 4) voluntary acquisition strategies of residential and agricultural properties in the most frequent flooded lands; and 5) installation of 34 supplemental low flow groundwater wells in the northern portion of the Yazoo area to improve flows, benefiting fish, mussels, and other ecological attributes of the YSA as well as address a range of other habitat impairments in the Big Sunflower-Steele Bayou drainage systems during the low water season (presented as Amended Appendix A); and

WHEREAS, USACE is the lead federal agency for purposes of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA) and its implementing regulations, set out at 40 CFR Parts 1500-1508 (43 FR 55978), "Section 106" of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) [54 U.S.C. § 300101 et seq.], as amended (54 U.S.C. § 306108), and its implementing regulations, set out at 36 CFR Part 800, and in accordance with 36 CFR § §800.2(a)(2) and 800.8; and

WHEREAS, the Yazoo Area Pump Project has been extensively reformulated over the past six decades to balance flood risk reduction with environmental concerns. Prior to NEPA, these included: 1) the Consolidated Report on the Yazoo Basin Backwater Protection Plan (November 10, 1947), which included provisions for development of fish and wildlife resources; and 2) the Comprehensive Review of the Mississippi River and its Tributaries (April 6, 1962), which recommended modification to the project that included reduction in the number of control structures and inclusion of a connecting channel between the Little Sunflower and Steele Bayou control structures, and the deferral of construction of pumping plants until some future time, with the number, location, and size of the pumps to be determined if and when future conditions and economic justification warranted installation; and

WHEREAS, in 1978 a reevaluation of the proposed pumping plant was initiated to determine the best plan for reducing flood damages. The results of the reevaluation were presented in the Yazoo Basin, Yazoo Backwater Area, the Yazoo Pump Project report, and the Yazoo Area Pump Project Final Environmental Impact

Statement (EIS) completed in 1982. Construction was initiated in 1986 but was halted by WRDA 1986, which required construction and operation and maintenance to be cost shared by a non-federal sponsor. Guidance from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) in fiscal year 1991 Budget Pass-backs directed the USACE to reformulate Yazoo Basin Projects to provide: 1) greater levels of flood protection to urban areas; 2) reduce levels of agricultural intensification; and 3) reduced adverse impacts to the environment; and

WHEREAS, in 1993 USACE filed a Notice of Intent to file a Supplemental EIS (SEIS) and initiated reformulation of the project according to the above guidelines. WRDA 1996 changed the cost sharing requirements back to those in the original authorization. In 2000 USACE released the draft SEIS for comment. In 2007, after completing additional analyses and revisions in response to comments, USACE completed the Final Report, which included the Reformulation Study and Final SEIS (FSEIS); and

WHEREAS, in 2021, the USACE issued a second supplement to the 1982 FEIS. This 2020 FSEIS did not repeat the detailed work completed in the 2007 FSEIS but tiered from it. A copy of the 2020 FSEIS is available at https://www.mvk.usace.army.mil/Missions/Programs-and-Project-Management/Project-Management/Yazoo-Backwater-Project/Yazoo-Backwater-Report/. The 2020 Recommended Plan consisted of a pump station at the Steele Bayou gage. However, the location of the pump station was moved to a site at Deer Creek and changes were made to the proposed compensatory mitigation measures to include the acquisition of frequently flooded agricultural lands in fee-title and included the subsequent reforestation of these lands to offset unavoidable losses to wetlands, terrestrial habitat, waterfowl habitat, and a portion of aquatic resources; and

WHEREAS, following issuance of the 2021 ROD, EPA concluded that the 2008 CWA Section 404(c) final determination applies to the 2020 Recommended Plan. As a result, USACE withdrew the ROD on 11 December 2021 and sought opportunities for continued agency discussion on alternative plans to address flooding concerns in the area; and

WHEREAS, in January 2023, the U.S. Department of the Army (Civil Works) and the EPA signed a Joint Memorandum of Collaboration expressing a shared commitment "to a collaborative and expeditious path forward to establish flood risk reduction solutions(s) in the YSA that are compliant with the CWA and all other application regulations" to "meet flood risk management objectives, fulfilling NEPA and CWA Section 404 requirements, addressing the needs of the affected communities, and reducing potential conflicts and delays with the implementation of the project." USACE outlined its proposed approach in its July 2023 Federal Register Notice announcing its intent to prepare a new EIS (88 FR 43101 06 July 2023); and

WHEREAS, USACE has determined that the under STIPULATION XIII (AMENDMENTS), SECTION A (The Undertaking), the amended project (Amended Undertaking) has not changed to such a degree that it no longer reflects the scope and nature of the initial Undertaking as defined and detailed in the Yazoo Backwater SEIS II (Appendix A and Stipulation I.E), which continues to include structural features (pump station with seasonal and elevational operational guidelines), nonstructural features (acquisition of property), and mitigation features (installation of supplemental low flow groundwater wells); and

WHEREAS, USACE has informed local governments, and local non-federal sponsors during the development of this Amended Agreement and will take appropriate steps to involve and notify those parties, as appropriate, during the implementation of the terms of this Amended Agreement; and

WHEREAS, USACE has determined that the project elements (see Amended Appendix A) that, together, constitute this Amended Undertaking may affect properties listed in or eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) pursuant to 36 CFR Part 60 (historic properties) and/or properties having religious and cultural significance to Tribes including sites that may contain human remains and/or associated cultural items; and

WHEREAS, as USACE cannot fully determine at this time how this Amended Undertaking may affect historic properties, the location of historic properties, or their significance and character, USACE has elected to amend the existing Agreement in consultation with stakeholders, as provided for in 36 CFR § 800.14(b)(3), to govern

the implementation of this Amended Undertaking and fulfill its obligations under Section 106 of the NHPA including the resolution of adverse effects for this Amended Undertaking; and

WHEREAS, as used in this Amended Agreement, "Signatories" is defined in 36 CFR § 800.6(c)(1), "Invited Signatories" is defined in 36 CFR § 800.6(c)(2), and "Concurring Party" is defined in 36 CFR § 800.6(c)(3); and

WHEREAS, a Consulting Party will be recognized by USACE as a Signatory, Invited Signatory, or Concurring Party starting on the date the Consulting Party signs this Amended Agreement as a Signatory, Invited Signatory, or Concurring Party and provides USACE with a record of this signature; and

WHEREAS, in accordance with 36 CFR § 800.6(c)(1), a Signatory has the authority to execute, amend, or terminate the Amended Agreement; and

WHEREAS, in accordance with 36 CFR § 800.6(c)(2), Invited Signatories who sign this Amended Agreement are signatories with the authority to amend and terminate the Amended Agreement; and

WHEREAS, in accordance with 36 CFR § 800.6(c)(3), a Concurring Party is a Consulting Party invited to concur in the Amended Agreement but who does not have the authority to amend or terminate the Amended Agreement; and

WHEREAS, USACE initiated consultation regarding this Amended Agreement via electronic correspondences (July 3, 25, and 30, 2024) with The Alabama Coushatta Tribe of Texas, Alabama-Quassarte Tribal Town, The Caddo Nation of Oklahoma, The Chickasaw Nation, The Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana, The Choctaw Nation of Oklahoma, The Coushatta Tribe of Louisiana, The Jena Band of Choctaw Indians, The Mississippi Band of Choctaw Indians, The Muscogee (Creek) Nation, The Quapaw Nation, The Seminole Nation of Oklahoma, The Tunica-Biloxi Tribe of Louisiana, The United Keetoowah Band of Cherokee Indians, The Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (ACHP), The Louisiana and Mississippi State Historic Preservation Officers (SHPOs), and The Mississippi Levee Board; and

WHEREAS, in accordance with 36 CFR § 800.6(a)(1), the ACHP has been provided the required documentation and invited to participate in this Amended Agreement via electronic correspondence (October 2, 2024) and elected to not participate via electronic correspondence (December 11, 2024); and

WHEREAS, USACE recognizes that the State Historic Preservation Office is organized in accordance with Mississippi's needs and has staff dedicated to historic preservation of the built-environment (divisions, commissions, or departments, etc.) and staff dedicated to archaeological sites (divisions, departments, surveys, etc.). Collectively, these staff fulfill the SHPO's role in accordance with the NHPA and will be referred to as the SHPO. Any specific roles or authorities under state regulation will be defined, as appropriate; and

WHEREAS, USACE is consulting with the Mississippi State Historic Preservation Officer (MS SHPO) on this Amended Agreement pursuant to 36 CFR § 800.14(b) and 36 C.F.R. § 800.6. The Louisiana State Historic Preservation Officer (LA SHPO) declined to participate via electronic correspondence (November 22, 2024); and

WHEREAS, USACE recognizes that The Alabama Coushatta Tribe of Texas, Alabama-Quassarte Tribal Town, The Caddo Nation of Oklahoma, The Chickasaw Nation, The Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana, The Choctaw Nation of Oklahoma, The Coushatta Tribe of Louisiana, The Jena Band of Choctaw Indians, The Mississippi Band of Choctaw Indians, The Muscogee (Creek) Nation, The Quapaw Nation, The Seminole Nation of Oklahoma, The Seminole Tribe of Florida, The Tunica-Biloxi Tribe of Louisiana, The United Keetoowah Band of Cherokee Indians (collectively referenced as "Federally-recognized Tribes"), may have sites of religious and cultural significance off Tribal Lands [as defined in 36 CFR § 800.16(x)] that may be affected by this Amended Undertaking, and in meeting its Federal trust responsibility, USACE invited Tribes to participate in government-to-government consultation starting on July 30, 2024. Pursuant to 36 CFR § 800.2 (c)(2)(ii)(E), and in consideration of the confidentiality of information, USACE has invited the Tribes to enter into this Amended Agreement that specifies how USACE will carry out Section 106 responsibilities for this Amended Undertaking; and

WHEREAS, USACE may invite additional Federally-recognized Tribes that have sites of religious and cultural significance to enter into the terms of this Amended Agreement as invited signatories or concurring parties in accordance with 36 CFR § 800.14(f), and nothing in this Amended Agreement prevents a Federally-recognized Tribe from entering into a separate Programmatic Agreement or other agreement with USACE for administration of USACE Programs; and

WHEREAS, for the review of specific Amended Undertakings under this Amended Agreement, USACE may invite other agencies, organizations, and individuals to participate as consulting parties; and

WHEREAS, the USACE Vicksburg District uses its own staff and authority and will consult with the SHPOs and the appropriate Federally-recognized Tribe(s) regarding specific project elements within the respective districts; and

WHEREAS, USACE commits to continuing consultation with the Signatories, Invited Signatories and Concurring Parties to develop the Amended Agreement throughout the pre-construction engineering and design, and construction phases of the Amended Undertaking's implementation; and

WHEREAS, The Signatories, Invited Signatories, and Consulting Parties have determined that USACE's Section 106 requirements can be effectively and efficiently implemented through a programmatic approach stipulating roles and responsibilities establishing protocols for consultation, facilitating identification and evaluation of historic properties, and streamlining the assessment and resolution of adverse effects; and

NOW THEREFORE, USACE (Vicksburg District), the Signatories, Invited Signatories), and Concurring Parties agree that the Amended Undertaking associated with the Yazoo Backwater Area Water Management Project shall be administered in accordance with the following stipulations in order to take into account the effects of the individual elements of the Amended Undertaking on historic properties and to satisfy USACE's responsibilities under Section 106 of the NHPA for all applicable Amended Undertakings.

STIPULATIONS

I. APPLICABILITY

- A. This Amended Agreement applies to the Amended Undertaking in the Vicksburg District (MVK) of USACE for the currently identified authorized remaining work required to complete the Yazoo Backwater Area Water Management Project, currently listed in Amended Appendix A and Stipulation I.E. (below), which includes the elements of the Amended Undertaking addressed in the Yazoo Backwater Area Water Management Project DEIS.
- B. USACE will not apply or utilize this Amended Agreement for any Undertaking other than the currently authorized Amended Undertaking as defined and detailed in the Yazoo Backwater Area Water Management Project DEIS, currently listed in Amended Appendix A and Stipulation I.E. Any alteration, modification, or change in the scope or nature of the Amended Undertaking will require additional consultation to address said alterations, modifications, or changes, which may culminate in the development of a supplemental Amendment to this Amended Agreement (see Stipulation XIII) or designation as a new Undertaking pursuant to 36 CFR § 800.3.
- C. USACE may utilize this Amended Agreement to fulfill its Section 106 responsibilities and those of other Federal agencies that designate USACE as the lead Federal agency pursuant to 36 CFR § 800.2(a)(2) with appropriate notification to the other Signatories and ACHP regarding the Amended

Undertaking that falls within the scope of this Amended Agreement. When USACE is not designated as the lead Federal agency, all Federal agencies, including USACE, remain individually responsible for their compliance with Section 106. This provision does not prevent USACE from recognizing another Federal agency as lead Federal agency for this specific Amended Undertaking, as appropriate.

- **D.** USACE has determined that the following types of activities have limited or no potential to affect historic properties and USACE has no further Section 106 responsibilities with regard to them, pursuant to 36 CFR § 800.3(a)(1):
 - 1. Administrative actions such as personnel actions, travel, procurement of services, and supplies (including vehicles and equipment) for the support of day-to-day operational activities, and the temporary storage of materials provided storage occurs within existing facilities or on previously disturbed soils.
 - 2. Providing funding for planning, studies, and design and engineering costs that involve no commitment of resources other than staffing and associated funding.
 - 3. Funding the administrative action of acquiring properties, including the real estate transactions and transfers.
 - 4. Boundary Surveying, monitoring, data gathering, and reporting in support of planning or design activities (e.g., conducting geotechnical boring investigations or other geophysical and engineering activities provided no clearing or grubbing is necessary).
 - 5. Demarcation of project areas and resources (e.g., cultural sites, wetlands, threatened and endangered species habitat).
- E. Project Description: The Yazoo Study Area contains approximately 926,000 acres of which approximately 500,000 acres are lands within the 100-year flood frequency and includes all or portions of Humphreys, Issaquena, Sharkey, Warren, Washington, and Yazoo counties, Mississippi and part of Madison Parish, Louisiana (see Amended Appendix A: Figures A-1 and A-2) and includes the following elements:
 - Structural features evaluated included pump stations, to work with the existing levee system and drainage systems within the study area. Past reports considered various locations, however, engineering investigations determined that past pump station locations would limit the operational flexibility. The Steele Bayou site the one of the only locations that has direct access to the Little Sunflower or Steele Bayou sump, and thus provides adequate access to the majority of the study area. Other locations would have limited the different pump capacities the USACE could have considered and could have limited the time to drain the study area (see Amended Appendix A; Figures A-1 and A-2).
 - a. To reduce flood stages across all frequency flood events a 25,000 cubic feet per second (cfs) pump station is proposed adjacent to the Steele Bayou structure. Operation is proposed during two different seasonal ranges. This Recommended Plan/Least Environmentally Damaging Practicable Alternative (LEDPA), is described as follows:
 - i. <u>Alternative 3</u>: To minimize and/or avoid potential adverse project impacts on the environment and still meet the goals of the project two different operations were proposed; water levels managed at 90.0 feet during crop

season (25 March – 15 October) and up to 93.0 feet during noncrop season (16 October - 24 March).

- b. Thirty-four supplemental low flow groundwater wells would be located north of the Yazoo Study Area, in Washington, Bolivar, and Coahoma counties, Mississippi, and within the project drainage area to mitigate for unavoidable impacts to aquatic resources. The increased low-flow aquatic habitat provided with the operational feature could significantly increase standing stock and production for many fish species and support aquatic resources in the study area (see Amended Appendix A: Figure A-3).
- c. Any proposed access, borrow, compensatory mitigation, or staging areas are included in this effort.

II. POINTS OF CONTACT

- A. USACE Vicksburg District will provide at a minimum a primary and secondary contact, which may include technical staff as well as liaisons. The primary contact is the contact to which all initial and formal correspondence is sent. If the individual designated as the primary point of contact is not available, communications shall be directed to the secondary contact.
- **B.** USACE has requested and will continue to request Consulting Parties, including Signatories, Invited Signatories and Concurring Parties, designate a primary and secondary point of contact. Each Consulting Party to this Amended Agreement is requested to provide phone numbers, email addresses, and mailing addresses for the primary and secondary contacts.
- **C.** USACE acknowledges that contacts and areas of interest may change over time. Addressing this is primarily a USACE responsibility with assistance from the Consulting Parties. The initial compilation is provided in Appendix B. Following the initial compilation, USACE and the Consulting parties shall follow the process outlined in the appropriate set of roles and responsibilities below to provide and distribute updated information. Alteration of Appendix B will not require executing additional amendments.
- **D.** In accordance with the process laid out in the roles and responsibilities below, USACE will follow-up on returned email and hard-copy mail or disconnected phone lines to ensure that a POC is re-established, and the relevant Consulting Party receives the necessary information.

III. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE CONSULTING PARTIES

- **A.** USACE: To the extent of its legal authority, and in coordination with other Signatories, Invited Signatories, and Concurring Parties, USACE shall ensure that the following measures are implemented.
 - 1. Shall not construct any element of the Amended Undertaking until Section 106 review is completed pursuant to this Amended Agreement.
 - Shall notify and consult with the MS SHPO, appropriate Federally-recognized Tribes, and other Consulting Parties. Consultations may include face-to-face meetings, as well as communications by U.S. mail, e-mail, facsimile, and/or telephone. Times and places of meetings, as well as an agenda for meetings, will be developed with mutual acceptance and done in a timely manner.
 - 3. Shall comply with public involvements requirements of Section 106 in accordance with 36 CFR

§ 800.2(d).

- a. USACE shall notify the public of the elements of the Amended Undertaking in a manner that reflects the nature, complexity, significance of historic properties likely affected by the Amended Undertaking, the likely public interest given USACE's specific involvement, and any confidentiality concerns of Federally-recognized Tribe(s), private individuals and organizations.
- b. USACE may consult with the SHPO(s) and relevant THPO(s), Consulting Tribes, or Federally-recognized Tribe(s), and other consulting parties, to determine if there are individuals or organizations with a demonstrated interest in historic properties that should be included as a consulting party for the Amended Undertaking in accordance with 36 CFR § 800.2(c)(5). If such parties are identified or identify themselves to USACE, USACE shall provide them with information regarding the Amended Undertaking and its effects on historic properties, consistent with the confidentiality provisions of 36 CFR § 800.11(c).
- c. In accordance with the public outreach strategy developed for the Amended Undertaking in consultation with SHPO(s), appropriate Federally-recognized Tribe(s), USACE shall identify the appropriate stages for seeking public input during the Section 106 consultation process. USACE shall consider all views provided by the public regarding the Amended Undertaking.
- d. USACE shall also provide public notices and the opportunity for public comment or participation in the Amended Undertaking through the public participation process of the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) and its implementing regulations set out at 40 CFR Parts 1500-1508, and/or Executive Orders 11988 and 11990 relating to floodplains and wetlands, and if applicable, Executive Order 12898, Environmental Justice
- 4. Shall maintain the POC List, Amended Appendix B and distribute as part of the consultation, to the parties listed as the Primary POC. USACE will incorporate any changes to the POC listing as derived from the steps below into the annual distribution, as well as individual updates received in the interim.
 - a. USACE district staff engaged in consultation who receive a returned email, returned letter, or notification of a disconnected phone line, will follow up with the relevant Consulting Party to re-establish the appropriate point of contact. This will be communicated to necessary parties upon clarification and in the annual POC update.
 - b. At a minimum the MVK Cultural staff will make a round of phone calls to confirm the current POC listed for each of the Federally-recognized Tribes contained in the POC listing.
 - c. District Archaeologists will ensure that the contact information for the SHPOs within their district have not changed.
- 5. Shall consult with any Federally-recognized Tribe on a government-to-government basis in recognition of its sovereign status, whether a signatory to this Amended Agreement or not, but particularly regarding sites that may have traditional, religious, and/or cultural importance to Federally-recognized Tribes. In meeting its Federal trust responsibility, USACE alone shall conduct all government-to-government consultation with Federally-recognized Tribes.
- 6. Shall be responsible for determining the APE, identifying historic properties located within the

APE, providing NRHP eligibility determinations, and findings of effect, in consultation with SHPO(s), appropriate Federally-recognized Tribes, and other Consulting Parties.

- 7. Shall ensure all Cultural Resources review is conducted by qualified professional staff as outlined in Stipulation VI.
- Shall ensure that all documentation generated as part of the NHPA process resulting from the Amended Undertaking shall be consistent with applicable *Standards (State and Federal)* (Stipulation VI.A) and confidentiality provisions outlined in Stipulation IV.
- 9. Shall ensure, to the greatest extent practicable, that the SHPO(s) and the appropriate Federally-recognized Tribe(s) are consulted at the same time. And will, prior to submitting any determinations of eligibility and/or finding of effect as part of the consultation, review National Register eligibility recommendations provided by a cultural resources contractor and make its own determination.
- 10. USACE contractors shall not consult directly with any SHPO(s)/THPO(s), Consulting Tribes, or Federally-recognized Tribes. Consultation with SHPO(s)/THPO(s), Consulting Tribes, or Federal recognized Tribes remains a federal responsibility. This is/will be documented in any SOW for Cultural Resource Management activities or other construction work.
- 11. Shall, when authorizing elements of this Amended Undertaking requiring environmental/cultural conditions pursuant to this Amended Agreement, include all stipulations and conditions negotiated as part of the Section 106 Process. USACE will ensure that this information is communicated to the USACE contractor and will be available for technical questions related to its implementation. This information is conveyed through the Buildability, Constructability, Operability, Environmental and Sustainability Reviews (BCOES Process), per Engineering Regulation 415-1-11, leading to solicitation.
- 12. Shall ensure that all documentation (e.g., identification, evaluation, and mitigation reports) resulting from this Amended Undertaking is reviewed pursuant to this Amended Agreement is consistent with SHPO(s) and appropriate Consulting Tribes' Tribal guidelines, per Stipulation VI., and the confidentiality provisions of 54 U.S.C. § 307103 and 36 CFR § 800.11(c), per Stipulation IV.
- 13. Shall ensure that, on Federal land, that the provisions of the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA) (25 U.S.C. §3001-3013, 18 U.S.C. § 1170) and the Archaeological Resources Protection Act of 1979 (ARPA)(16 U.S.C. §470aa 470mm) are followed.
- 14. Shall ensure that the provisions of the State of Mississippi's burial law, including specific authorities outlined in Stipulation IX- Treatment of Human Remains and Items of Religious and Cultural Importance are followed. USACE will provide any necessary technical guidance on the implementation of these provisions in association with implementation of the Amended Undertaking and this Amended Agreement.
- 15. Shall consult the ACHP to resolve disputes that may occur during the implementation of this Amended Agreement, pursuant to the Dispute Resolution process in Stipulation XII, resolve adverse effects, and participate in the annual reviews convened by USACE to review the effectiveness of this Amended Agreement.
- **B.** SHPO:

- 1. The SHPO shall coordinate with USACE, to identify Consulting Parties, including any communities, organizations, or individuals that may have an interest in the Amended Undertaking and its effects on historic properties.
- The SHPO shall consult with USACE regarding USACE's determination of the Areas of Potential Effects (APE), National Register eligibility, and findings of effect responding within timeframes set out in Stipulation V.
- 3. On a per Work Item basis, the SHPO shall provide, as part of the consultation, available information about historic properties (such as access to site files, GIS data, survey information, geographic areas of concern) for the purposes of addressing effects to historic properties. Only Qualified Staff, per Stipulation VI. shall be afforded access to protected historic property information. USACE and any SHPO may execute a written agreement to clarify and memorialize data sharing if it extends beyond any basic fee structure or access schedule.
- 4. The SHPO staff of jurisdiction (Historic Preservation Division staff members or equivalent) shall be reasonably available as a resource and for consultation through site visits, written requests, telephone conversations or electronic media. In those instances where consultation has occurred, USACE shall provide a written summary via e-mail or regular mail to SHPO, including any decisions that were reached.
- C. Federally Recognized Tribes:
 - USACE acknowledges that Federally-recognized Tribes possess special expertise in assessing the National Register eligibility of properties with religious and cultural significance to that particular Tribe. Tribal leaders, and as appropriate, their representatives, shall decide the individual for the Tribe who meets appropriate qualifications/standards for the Tribe's review of the Amended Undertaking affecting properties with religious and cultural significance to that particular Tribe. Designations such as this will follow the intent and processes laid out in USACE's 2023 Tribal Consultation Policy.
 - 2. Federally-recognized Tribes (THPOs and other designees) may coordinate with USACE, to identify Consulting Parties, including any communities, organizations, or individuals that may have an interest in the Amended Undertaking and its effects on historic properties.
 - 3. Federally-recognized Tribes (THPOs and other designees) may consult with USACE regarding USACE's determination of the Areas of Potential Effects (APE), National Register eligibility, and findings of effect responding within timeframes set out in Stipulation V.
 - 4. On a per Work Item basis, Federally-recognized Tribes (THPOs and other designees) may provide, as part of the consultation, available information about historic properties (such as access to site files, GIS data, survey information, geographic areas of concern) for the purposes of addressing effects to historic properties. Only Qualified Staff, per Stipulation VI. shall be afforded access to protected historic property information. USACE and any Federally-recognized Tribe may execute a written agreement to clarify and memorialize data sharing.
 - 5. Federally-recognized Tribes (THPOs and other designees) may be reasonably available as a resource and for consultation through site visits, written requests, telephone conversations or electronic media. In those instances where consultation has occurred, USACE shall provide a written summary via e-mail or regular mail to THPO, including any decisions that were reached.
 - Federally-recognized Tribes (THPOs and other designees) may, based on availability, participate in annual reviews convened by USACE to discuss the effectiveness of this Amended Agreement in accordance with Stipulation III.

IV. CONFIDENTIALITY OF HISTORIC PROPERTY INFORMATION

- A. USACE will safeguard information about historic properties to the extent allowed by Section 304 of NHPA (54 U.S.C. § 307103), Section 9 of the Archaeological Resources Protection Act (ARPA), and other applicable Federal laws, as well as implementing restrictions conveyed to USACE by the SHPO and Federally-recognized Tribes, consistent with state and tribal guidelines. These safeguards will be included in any developed cultural resources Scopes of Work, as well.
- **B.** Only USACE staff meeting the Professional Standards (Stipulation VI.), shall be afforded access to protected historic property information provided by any SHPO and/or Federally-recognized Tribes;
- **C.** Regarding sensitive information shared by Federally-recognized Tribes, USACE, in accordance with provisions of federal law, will not share non-public information, without first confirming (in writing with the provider of the information) the appropriateness of sharing.
- **D.** USACE shall provide to all Consulting Parties the documentation specified in 36 CFR § 800.11 subject to the confidentiality provisions of 36 CFR § 800.11(c) and such other documentation as may be developed during consultation to resolve adverse effects to the extent permitted by federal law.
- E. The SHPO(s)/THPO(s), Consulting Tribal staff, and Federally-recognized Tribal staff and/or designee(s), shall safe guard historic property information (locational and other non-public) in accordance with the provisions of Section 304 of the NHPA and applicable State and Tribal legal authorities.
- **F.** USACE anticipates the presentation of historic property data as part of any Standard Treatment Measure (STM) or Memorandum of Agreement Treatment Measure (MOA TM) but shall ensure that these products, presentations, or other publications are adequately coordinated and consulted upon before release/presentation to ensure that any otherwise protected information is being represented appropriately.

V. CONSULTATION STANDARDS, TIMEFRAMES, AND CORRESPONDENCE

- A. Consultation Standards:
 - 1. Consultation among all Consulting Parties to this Amended Agreement will continue throughout the implementation of this Amended Agreement. Per 36 CFR § 800.16(f), consultation means "the process of seeking, discussing, and considering the views of other participants, and, where feasible, seeking agreement with them regarding matters arising in the section 106 process."
 - 2. USACE, when consulting with any Federally-recognized Indian Tribe, whether a signatory to this Amended Agreement or not, will do so on a government-to-government basis in recognition of their sovereign status.
 - 3. USACE will consult with the SHPO(s), Federally-recognized Tribes, and other consulting parties, based on expressed areas of interest in the case of Federally-recognized Tribes or jurisdiction in case of the SHPO(s). Consultations may include face-to-face meetings, as well as communications by regular mail, electronic mail, and/or telephone. Times and places of meetings, as well as an agenda for meetings, will be developed with mutual acceptance and done in a timely manner.
- **B.** Timeframes:

- 1. All time designations in this Amended Agreement shall be in calendar days unless otherwise expressly stipulated in writing in this Amended Agreement:
 - a. For Emergency Undertakings as reviewed under Stipulation VII., USACE shall follow the timeframes as indicated in 36 CFR 800.12 (b) (2.).
 - b. Following the Streamlined Project Review Stipulation VII. provisions of this Amended Agreement, the response time for requests for concurrence shall be a maximum of thirty (30) days, unless otherwise agreed to by the parties to the specific consultation on a case-by-case basis.
- 2. The review period will be extended until the next business day, if a review period included in this Amended Agreement concludes on a Saturday, Sunday, State, or Federal, or Tribal holiday. If requested, USACE may consider an extension of a review period consistent with the time designations in this Amended Agreement for parties affected by an unanticipated state office closure (any state) (e.g., hurricane, tornado or similar).
- 3. Any electronic communication forwarding plans or other documents for review under the terms of this Amended Agreement that is sent after 4:00 pm Central Time will be deemed to have been received by the reviewing party on the next business day.
- 4. E-mail comments by the Signatories on any documents submitted for review under this Amended Agreement are timely if they are received at any time on or before the last day of a review period. Responses sent by mail will be accepted as timely if they are postmarked by the last day allowed for the review.
- 5. If any Signatory does not object to USACE's finding or determination related to an Amended Undertaking within an agreed upon timeframe, USACE may proceed to the next step in the consultation process as described in Stipulation VII, Project Review.
- Timeframes are contingent upon USACE ensuring that its findings and determinations are made by Qualified Staff and supported by documentation as required by 36 CFR § 800.11(d) and 36 CFR § 800.11(e), and consistent with USACE guidance.
- **C.** Correspondence:
 - 1. The Consulting Parties may send and accept official notices, comments, requests for further information and documentation, and other communications required by this Amended Agreement in accordance with the protocol in Amended Appendix B.
 - 2. If the size of an e-mail message is unusually large or an e-mail is returned to a sender because its size prevents delivery, the sender will contact the intended recipient(s) and determine alternative methods to deliver the information (including available file sharing platforms).
 - 3. Time-sensitive information that is not sent by e-mail should be sent by overnight mail, courier, or hand-delivered. The timeframe for requests for review not sent by e-mail will be measured by the date the delivery is signed for by the SHPO(s), Federally-recognized Tribe, or other organization representing the Consulting Parties.

VI. STANDARDS

A. In addition to the definitions utilized in 36 CFR § 800, this Amended Agreement uses the definitions presented in the subsequent paragraphs to establish standards for performing all cultural resource project reviews and investigations required under the terms of this Amended Agreement including,

but not limited to, site identification, NRHP eligibility evaluations, and as appropriate, STM or MOA TM for the resolution of adverse effects to historic properties:

- "Qualified Staff" shall mean staff who meet, at a minimum, the SOI Professional Qualifications Standards set forth at 48 FR 44738 (September 29, 1983), for History, Archaeology, Architectural History, Architecture, or Historic Architecture (https://www.nps.gov/history/locallaw/arch_stnds_9.htm) and the appropriate qualifications presented in Professional Qualifications (36 CFR Part 61, Appendix A).
- "Standards" -- shall mean the Secretary of the Interior's (SOI) Standards and Guidelines for Archaeology and Historic Preservation [Federal Register 48(190) 1983:44716-44737] (<u>https://www.nps.gov/history/local-law/arch_stnds_0.htm</u>);
- 3. "Meeting Professional Standards" -- shall mean that all cultural resource investigations shall be performed by, or under the direct (in-field) supervision of appropriate professional(s) or by contractors, who are "Qualified Staff";
- 4. "Field and Reporting Standards" shall mean the current historic standing structure and archaeological guidance from SHPO(s) Office(s);
- 5. "Policies and Guidelines" -- shall mean guidance from any of the following:
 - a) The National Park Service publication *The Archaeological Survey: Methods and Uses* (National Park Service 1978);
 - b) ACHP's Treatment of Archeological Properties: A Handbook (1980) (<u>https://www.achp.gov/sites/default/files/documents/2018-</u> <u>11/Treatment%20of%20Archeological%20Properties-A%20Handbook-OCR.pdf</u>);
 - c) Identification of Historic Properties: A Decision-making Guide for Managers (1988, joint ACHP-NPS publication);
 - d) Consulting About Archeology Under Section 106 (1990);
 - e) ACHP's <u>Recommended Approach for Consultation on Recovery of Significant Information</u> <u>from Archeological Sites</u> (1999);
 - ACHP's Policy Statement Regarding the Treatment of Burial Sites, Human Remains and Funerary Objects (2007) <u>https://staging.achp.gov/sites/default/files/policies/2018-</u>06/ACHPPolicyStatementRegardingTreatmentofBurialSitesHumanRemainsandFuneraryObj ects0207.pdf; and
 - g) Section 106 Archaeology Guidance: A reference guide to assist federal agencies in making effective decisions about archaeological sites (2009) <u>https://www.achp.gov/sites/default/files/guidance/2017-</u> 02/ACHP%20ARCHAEOLOGY%20GUIDANCE.pdf)
- **B.** In developing Scopes of Work (SOW) for identification and evaluation studies, STM or MOA TM(s), or any other cultural resources activities required under the terms of this Amended Agreement, USACE will comply with the requirements of the Standards, Field and Reporting Standards, and the Policies and Guidelines, in existence at the time this work is performed.
- **C.** Additionally, in developing SOW for identification and evaluation studies, STM or MOA TM(s), or any other cultural resources activities required under the terms of this Amended Agreement, and where geographically appropriate, USACE will take into account the following guidance:
 - 1. Guidance from the National Historic Preservation Act Section 106 Protocol and Standards, Archaeological Survey Standards, and Archaeological Resources Protection Act Violation Procedures; and

2. Any additional area-specific guidance beyond that provided for under VI (e.g., additional Federally-recognized Tribal guidance, or local preservation ordinances).

VII. PROJECT REVIEW

- **A.** Review for Emergency Action(s) associated with the Amended Undertaking: For review of actions that are emergencies, USACE shall follow the provisions of 36 CFR 800.12 (b).
- B. USACE acknowledges that the Amended Undertaking will cause both direct and indirect effects to historic properties. The previously executed PA stipulated development of a Heritage Study, which was distributed to all consulting parties for comment/review and filing on May 28 and November 7 and 21, 2024, and considered in fulfillment of Stipulations VI(E) and VII(B) of the previously executed agreement (per MS SHPO correspondence dated July 12, 2024) (available on request via Department of Defense [DoD] Secure Access File Exchange [SAFE]: https://safe.apps.mil/given the source data's sensitivity).
 - This study will be utilized to provide context for evaluating NRHP eligibility and assessing effects to cultural resources as well assist USACE consult with stakeholders to determine areas where further cultural studies may be warranted prior to initiating construction, as well as establish where community feedback on culturally meaningful places may be required to determine significance.
 - 2. USACE acknowledges that community input and participation are important components in developing measures to resolve and/or mitigate adverse effects to significant cultural resources and historic properties.
 - 3. Major guidance sources include: ACHP's *Guidance on Agreement Documents Community* Engagement (2018) and Protecting Historic Properties: A CITIZEN'S GUIDE TO SECTION 106 REVIEW (2024).
 - Public participation measures can include, but are not limited to, education, interpretation, and heritage tourism efforts that encourage and foster community cohesion and will (see Amended Appendix D). Specifics of these efforts will be scoped during Pre-Construction Engineering and Design (PED).
- **C.** Streamlined Project Review: For all elements of the Amended Undertaking, USACE shall ensure that the following project review steps are implemented. In the interest of streamlining, USACE may combine some or all these steps during consultation in accordance with 36 CFR § 800.3(g).
 - 1. <u>Consulting Parties</u>: USACE shall consider all written requests of individuals and organizations to participate as consulting parties and consult with the SHPO(s) and the appropriate Federally-recognized Tribe(s) to identify any other parties that meet the criteria to be consulting parties and invite them to participate in the Section 106 process. USACE may invite others to participate as consulting parties as the Section 106 consultation proceeds.
 - 2. <u>Area of Potential Effects (APE)</u>: For all features undergoing streamlined project review, Qualified Staff shall determine the APE in consultation with the SHPO(s) and appropriate Federally-Recognized Tribe(s).

The APE will be defined as all areas to be affected by construction activities and areas of associated ground disturbance including but not limited to haul roads, borrow areas,

staging and stockpiling areas. The APE will include all areas for which a Right-of-Entry is sought by USACE. Additional effects that will be considered shall include visual, auditory, and off-site anticipated erosion resulting from the constructed feature. USACE may consider information provided by other parties, such as local governments and the public, when establishing the APE.

APE Definition Factors:

a. For standing structures not adjacent to or located within the boundaries of a National Register listed or eligible district, Qualified Staff may define the APE as the individual structure or structures when the proposed Amended Undertaking is limited to its repair or rehabilitation (e.g. floodwalls, or other appurtenant structures to the levees, etc.).

b. For archaeological sites the USACE should consider the nature of likely properties in unsurveyed areas, the fact that mound sites may have been incorporated into the levee profile or may have been excavated and used as fill material in the levee.

- 3. <u>Identification and Evaluation:</u> Qualified Staff shall determine, in consultation with the SHPO(s) and Tribe(s), if the APE contains historic properties, including properties of religious and cultural significance to Federally-recognized Tribes. This may include the review of newly developed or previously produced documentation in coordination with the SHPO(s), appropriate Federally-recognized Tribe(s), and any additional Consulting Parties.
 - a. Level of Effort: USACE shall make a reasonable and good faith effort to identify historic properties in accordance with 36 CFR § 800.4(b)(1). USACE shall consult with SHPO(s) and appropriate Federally-recognized Tribe(s) to determine the level of effort, methodology necessary to identify and evaluate a variety of historic property types, and any reporting requirements. For properties of religious and cultural significance to affected Federally-recognized Tribe(s), USACE shall consult with the affected Tribe(s) to determine if the APE contains such properties and determine the necessary level of effort to identify and evaluate or avoid any such historic properties. All Identification and Evaluation studies will comply with the Standards (Stipulation VI).
 - b. Timing:
 - a. With respect to each element of the Amended Undertaking, USACE shall achieve compliance with all relevant terms of this Amended Agreement prior to initiating physical construction of that Work Item.

ii. The results of all field investigations will be subject to a review and comment period of no less than thirty (30) days by the appropriate Consulting Parties, following the receipt by the SHPO(s) and the appropriate Federally-recognized Tribe(s) of the completed reporting document (architectural survey, Phase I or II archaeological reports, and any other supporting documentation).

iii. Coordination of consultation will be through the designated Points of Contact (Stipulation II).

4. <u>Determinations of Eligibility:</u> USACE shall make determinations of National Register eligibility based on identification and evaluation efforts, and consult with the SHPO(s), appropriate Federally-recognized Tribe(s), and other Consulting Parties regarding these

determinations. Should the SHPO(s), or appropriate Federally-recognized Tribe(s) disagree with the determination of eligibility, USACE shall:

- a. Consult further with the objecting party to resolve the objection;
- b. Treat the property as eligible for the National Register; or
- c. Obtain a determination of eligibility from the Keeper of the National Register in accordance with 36 CFR § 63.2(d)-(e) and 36 CFR § 800.4 (c) 2.
- 5. Findings of No Historic Properties Affected:
 - a. Basis for Finding. USACE shall make a finding of "no historic properties affected" under the following circumstances:
 - i. If no historic properties are present in the APE; or
 - ii. The Amended Undertaking shall avoid alteration to the characteristics of a historic property qualifying it for inclusion in or eligibility for the National Register (including cumulative effects); or
 - b. USACE shall notify the SHPO(s), appropriate Federally-recognized Tribes(s), and any other consulting parties of this finding and provide supporting documentation in accordance with 36 CFR § 800.11(d). Unless consulting parties object to the finding, or request additional information, within 30-days, the Section 106 review of the Amended Undertaking will have concluded.
 - c. If the SHPO(s) and/or appropriate Federally-recognized Tribes(s), objects to a finding of "no historic properties affected," USACE shall consult with the objecting party to resolve the disagreement.
 - i. If the objection is resolved, USACE either may proceed with the Amended Undertaking in accordance with the resolution or reconsider effects on the historic property by applying the criteria of adverse effect pursuant to Stipulation VII., Application of the Criteria of Adverse Effect, below.
 - ii. If USACE is unable to resolve the disagreement, it will forward the finding and supporting documentation to ACHP and request that ACHP review USACE's finding in accordance with the process described in 36 CFR § 800.4(d)(1)(iv)(A) through 36 CFR § 800.4(d)(1)(iv)(C).). USACE shall, pursuant to 800.4(d)(1)(iv)(C), prepare a summary of its decision that contains the rationale for the decision and evidence of consideration of the ACHP's opinion, and provide this to the SHPO(s), appropriate Federally-recognized Tribes(s), and all other consulting parties. If USACE's final determination is to reaffirm its "no historic properties affected" finding, the Section 106 review of the Amended Undertaking will have concluded. If USACE will revise its finding, then it shall proceed in accordance with Stipulation VII., below.
- 6. <u>Assessing Adverse Effects:</u> If, through consultation, USACE finds an Amended Undertaking may affect historic properties in the APE, including those of religious or cultural significance to affected Federally-recognized Tribe(s), USACE shall apply the criteria of adverse effect to historic properties within the APE(s), including cumulative effects, taking into account the views of the consulting parties and the public concerning effects in accordance with 36 CFR § 800.5(a).

- a. Findings of No Adverse Effect: If, through consultation, USACE determines that an Amended Undertaking does not meet the adverse effect criteria, pursuant to 36 C.F.R. § 800.5(a)(1), USACE shall propose a finding of "no adverse effect" and consult with the MS SHPO, appropriate Federally-recognized Tribes(s) and Consulting Parties in accordance with 36 CFR § 800.5(b) and following steps i-iii below, or will move to subparagraph b.
 - i. USACE shall notify all consulting parties of its finding; describe any project specific conditions and/or modifications required to avoid or minimize effects to historic properties; and provide supporting documentation pursuant to 36 CFR §800.11(e).
 - ii. Unless a consulting party objects within thirty (30)-days, USACE will proceed with its "no adverse effect" determination and conclude the Section 106 review.
 - iii. If a consulting party objects to a finding of "no adverse effect," USACE will consult with the objecting party to resolve the disagreement.
 - a) If the objection is resolved, USACE shall proceed with the Amended Undertaking in accordance with the resolution; or
 - b) If the objection cannot be resolved, USACE shall request that ACHP review the findings in accordance with 36 CFR § 800.5(c)(3)(i)-(ii) and submit the required supporting documentation. USACE shall, pursuant 800.5(c)(3)(ii)(B), prepare a summary of its decision that contains the rationale for the decision and evidence of consideration of the ACHP's opinion, and provide this to the SHPO(s), appropriate Federally-recognized Tribes and all other consulting parties. If USACE's final determination is to reaffirm its "no adverse effect" finding, the Section 106 review of the Amended Undertaking will have concluded. If USACE will revise its finding then it shall proceed to Stipulation VI., below.
- b. Avoidance and Minimization of Adverse Effects: If USACE, during its initial review, finds any element of the Amended Undertaking may adversely affect historic properties, USACE may make a further internal review to consider ways to avoid or minimize effects to historic properties. The review will consider revising the elements of the scope of work affecting historic properties to substantially conform to the SOI Preservation Standards or otherwise avoid or minimize adverse effects.
 - i. If USACE modifies the scope of work following its initial internal review to avoid or minimize effects below the "criteria of adverse effect" (36 CFR 800.5 (a)(1), (i.e., to the point USACE can make a finding of No Adverse Effect), USACE shall consult with the MS SHPO, appropriate Federally-recognized Tribe(s), and all other consulting parties providing the *original and modified* Scopes of Work as part of its finding of "no adverse effect" following the process in Stipulation VII.
 - ii. If USACE is unable to modify elements of the Amended Undertaking to avoid or minimize effects below the "criteria of adverse effect", USACE shall initiate consultation to resolve the adverse effect(s) in accordance with Stipulation VII., Resolution of Adverse Effects.

- 7. <u>Resolution of Adverse Effects:</u> If USACE determines that the Amended Undertaking or any of its elements may adversely affect a historic property, it shall resolve the effects of the Amended Undertaking in consultation with the SHPO(s), the appropriate Federally-recognized Tribe(s), ACHP, if participating, and other consulting parties, by one of the methods, described in VII.C.7.(a-c). USACE may use the Abbreviated Resolution Process (ABR) to resolve adverse effect and propose it to parties, and if the parties agree, will use the ABR. If the parties do not agree, then USACE will move to develop a MOA, in accordance with 36 CFR § 800.6(c). When, through consultation, USACE determines the Amended Undertaking will adversely affect an NHL, USACE shall notify and invite the Secretary of the Interior and ACHP, as well as notifying Regional National Park Service staff to participate in consultation in accordance with 36 CFR § 800.10.
 - a. Abbreviated Resolution Process: USACE may propose in writing to the consulting parties to resolve the adverse effects of the Amended Undertaking through the application of one or more Treatment Measures outlined in Amended Appendix D (Historic Property Treatment Plan). USACE shall ensure that the provisions of the Historic Property Treatment Plan, as outlined in the consultation and agreed to by consulting parties, are documented in writing and implemented. The use of these Treatment Measures in a Historic Property Treatment Plan shall not require the execution of an individual Memorandum of Agreement or Secondary Programmatic Agreement.
 - i. In consultation with the SHPO(s), appropriate Federally-recognized Tribe(s), and other consulting parties, USACE shall propose in writing the implementation of a specific Historic Property Treatment Measure, or combination of Treatment Measures, with the intent of expediting the resolution of adverse effects, and provide documentation as required by 36 CFR § 800.11(e) and subject to the confidentiality provisions of 36 CFR § 800.11(c)). The correspondence will include a Historic Properties Treatment Plan that outlines roles and responsibilities for accomplishment of the selected treatment measures, specify the deliverables, and define the timeline.
 - ii. The ACHP at its discretion may participate in the development of Historic Property Treatment Plans, under the Abbreviated Resolution Process, when requested by USACE, SHPO(s), appropriate Federally-recognized Tribe(s), or other consulting parties, or when the ACHP determines that its participation is warranted.
 - Unless a consulting party or the ACHP objects to USACE's proposed Historic Property Treatment Plan within the timeframe outlined in Stipulation V. Timeframes, USACE shall proceed with the implementation of the Historic Property Treatment Plan and will conclude the Section 106 review.
 - iv. If any of the consulting parties or ACHP objects within the timeframe outlined in Stipulation V. Timeframes, to the resolution of adverse effects through the application of the Abbreviated Consultation Process, USACE shall resolve the adverse effect(s) using procedures outlined below in Stipulation VII., MOA or Programmatic Agreement. USACE shall invite any individual or organization that will assume a specific role or responsibility outlined in a Memorandum of Agreement or Secondary Programmatic Agreement to participate as an invited signatory to the Amended Undertaking-specific agreement.
 - v. Because funding and implementation details of a Historic Property Treatment Plan for specific element(s) associated with the Amended Undertaking may vary

by State and Non-Federal Sponsor, USACE shall provide written notice to the Consulting Parties within sixty (60) days of the completion of the Historic Property Treatment Measure(s). This written notice will serve as confirmation that the Historic Property Treatment Measure(s) for specific element(s) associated with the Amended Undertaking have been implemented. USACE also shall include information pertaining to the progress and completion of Historic Property Treatment Plans in the annual report pursuant to Stipulation III USACE Roles and Responsibilities.

- b. Memorandum of Agreement (MOA): USACE shall provide ACHP with an adverse effect notice in accordance with 36 CFR § 800.6(a)(1) if it has not already provided such under the Abbreviated Consultation Process of this Amended Agreement, if a consulting party or ACHP objects in accordance with Stipulation II.C.6(a)(iii), or if USACE in consultation with SHPO(s)/THPO(s), Tribe(s), and other consulting parties has determined that an MOA would be more appropriate than the Abbreviated Consultation Process to resolve the adverse effect(s). In consultation with SHPO(s), appropriate Federally-recognized Tribe(s), and other consulting parties, including ACHP (if participating), USACE shall develop an MOA, in accordance with 36 CFR § 800.6(c) to agree upon Treatment Measures to avoid, minimize, and/or mitigate adverse effects on historic properties. The MOA may also include Treatment Measures that serve an equal or greater public benefit in promoting the preservation of historic properties in lieu of the Treatment Measures outlined in Amended Appendix D.
- 8. <u>Objections:</u> Should USACE or any signatory or consulting party object within the timeframes established by this Amended Agreement to any plans, specifications, or actions taken pursuant to resolving an adverse effect, and the objection cannot be resolved, USACE shall address the objection in accordance with Stipulation XI, Dispute Resolution.
- 9. <u>Reports</u>:
 - a. USACE shall ensure that all reports and other documents resulting from the actions pursuant to this Amended Agreement will be provided in a format acceptable to the SHPO(s) and appropriate Federally-recognized Tribes. USACE will ensure that all such reports (e.g., identification surveys, evaluation reports, treatment plans, and data recovery reports) meet or exceed the Department of the Interior's *Format Standards for Final Reports of Data Recovery* (42 FR 5377-79) and the *Field and Report Standards* identified in Stipulation II.A.1(d).
 - b. USACE shall provide all documentation for these efforts to the SHPO(s), appropriate Federally-recognized Tribes, or other Consulting Parties, as appropriate, consistent with the confidentiality provisions of Stipulation IV. of this Amended Agreement.
 - c. Once supporting documentation is received, SHPO(s) and Tribes will have thirty (30)days to review supporting documentation (e.g., site forms and reports). If the SHPO(s) or appropriate Federally-recognized Tribes intend to review and comment on documentation, and are unable to do so within the thirty (30)-day review period, a request for additional review time must be made in writing to USACE and specify the anticipated completion date. USACE will consider the request and work with the requesting party to come to a mutually agreeable timeframe. USACE will notify other Consulting Parties of any mutually approved extension by e-mail.

VIII. CURATION

Recovered archaeological collections from a USACE-required archaeological survey, evaluation, and/or mitigation remain the property of the landowner (either private, State, Federal, etc.). USACE, in coordination with the SHPO(s) and appropriate Federally-recognized Tribe(s) may, as determined through consultation, encourage private land owners to transfer any recovered artifacts and related documentation to an appropriate archive or public or Federally-recognized Tribal entity. USACE, in coordination with SHPO(s) and Federally-recognized Tribe(s), shall work with all Tribal, State, and local agents to support steps that ensure the long-term curation of these artifacts and documents through the transfer of the materials to a suitable repository as agreed to by USACE, the SHPO(s), and appropriate Federally-recognized Tribal land, including field and laboratory records sufficient to document the collection, are curated at a repository meeting federal standards (36 C.F.R. 79) as agreed to by USACE, SHPO(s), and affected Federally-recognized Tribe(s), and follow that repository's guidelines.

IX. TREATMENT OF HUMAN REMAINS AND ITEMS OF RELIGIOUS AND CULTURAL IMPORTANCE

A. Documenting Human Remains: The recordation of human remains in a burial context, or as individual elements, is a task that requires sensitivity and good judgment, as defined through consultation. Consultation is a necessary part of documenting any human remains (in a discovery situation or during the treatment of historic properties) following the provisions of this stipulation. In planning how to document human remains (photography, drawing for the purposes of illustration, videography, or other), the determination will be made in consultation and concurrence with SHPO(s), Federally-recognized Tribe(s), and, as appropriate, other descendant communities. Even if it is determined to photo document the human remains, the photographs should not be published or made publicly available in any way. The USACE will maintain records for the purpose of management of the human remains, with the intent of satisfying the protection provisions of the federal and state laws governing human remains, the records will be hardcopy and digital. When the records are digital, they will not be connected to externally available electronic resources like GIS servers or other and marked as restricted (per NHPA, FOIA, and, as appropriate, ARPA). As part of the consultation for each Work Item where Human Remains are present, the USACE will ensure that the consultation happens as appropriate to each jurisdiction to determine the course of action for each situation.

B. General Human Remains Discovery Process:

- In the event that previously unreported or unanticipated human remains, burials, funerary objects, Native American sacred objects, or Native American objects of cultural patrimony are encountered during field investigations, laboratory work, or during construction or maintenance activities originating from <u>Federal</u>, <u>state</u>, or <u>private lands</u> (Federal and Non-Federal Lands) USACE shall notify the relevant historic preservation interests (SHPOs of Jurisdiction, and interested Federally-recognized Tribal representatives) within 24-hrs of the discovery. Concurrently, USACE will implement the provisions 2 thru 6 below:
- 2. Any USACE employee or contractor(s) who knows or has reason to know that they have inadvertently discovered human remains, burials, funerary objects, Native American sacred objects, or Native American objects of cultural patrimony must provide immediate telephone notification of the inadvertent discovery to the responsible Federal construction official, with written confirmation, to the appropriate USACE District's Point of Contact in this Amended Agreement. The written notification should contain the results, if any, of the field evaluation. The appropriate USACE District's Cultural Resources Staff and Tribal Liaison will begin to develop a

plan of action to inform the appropriate District Commander of the consultation tasks necessary to address the discovery. No Photographs should be taken at this time of the human remains.

- 3. All fieldwork, construction, or maintenance activities, must stop immediately within a one hundred (100) meter (328 ft.) radius buffer zone around the point of discovery; unless there is reason to believe that the area of the discovery may extend beyond the one hundred (100) meter (328 ft.) radius buffer zone in which case the buffer zone will be expanded appropriately, within the APE. USACE will implement measures to protect the discovery from theft and vandalism. Any human remains or other items in the immediate vicinity of the discovery must not be removed or otherwise disturbed. USACE will take immediate steps, if necessary, to further secure and protect inadvertently discovered human remains, burials, funerary objects, Native American sacred objects, or Native American objects of cultural patrimony, as appropriate, including stabilization, or covering the find location.
- 4. USACE will notify local law enforcement, coroner, or Medical Examiner, as appropriate, and the SHPO(s), per the POC in Amended Appendix B, by telephone to assess the nature and age of the human skeletal remains within twenty-four (24) hours of the discovery of unmarked human remains and accompany local law enforcement personnel during all field investigations. USACE will also notify interested Federally-recognized Tribes of the discovery within the same period. If the appropriate local law enforcement official determines that the remains are not involved in a criminal investigation, USACE will follow jurisdictional guidelines as provided for based on land ownership (per Stipulation IX).
 - a. In cases where human remains, burials, funerary objects, Native American sacred objects, or Native American objects of cultural patrimony are discovered during the implementation of this USACE-funded Amended Undertaking on <u>Federal Land</u>, USACE will notify by telephone and e-mail, the SHPO(s), Tribes, and other affected parties (e.g., living descendants) that may that might attach religious and cultural significance to the discovery at the earliest possible time, but no later than forty-eight (48) hours and inform them of the steps already taken to address the discovery.
 - b. In cases where the human remains are discovered on <u>Non-Federal Lands</u> and are determined to be Native American, the individual state's Designated Authority will notify and coordinate with Tribes as required by the appropriate state law, but not later than forty-eight (48)-hours from the time of their notification. As requested and to the extent of its legal authority, USACE will assist the Designated Authority, to consult with Tribes and affected parties, as appropriate.
 - c. In cases where the human remains are discovered on <u>Non-Federal Lands</u> and determined to be other than Native American, the individual state's Designated Authority will notify and coordinate in accordance with the appropriate state law. As requested, and to the extent of its legal authority, USACE will assist the Designated Authority to consult with the affected parties, as appropriate.
- 5. USACE will consult with SHPO(s), THPOs, and appropriate Federally-recognized Tribes, and other affected parties to develop a mutually agreeable action plan with timeframes to take into account the effects of the Amended Undertaking on the discovery; resolve adverse effects if necessary; and ensure compliance with applicable federal laws and their implementing regulations, if the discovery of Native American human remains, funerary objects, Native American sacred objects, or Native American objects of cultural patrimony occurs on Federal Land (see Stipulation IX for the detailed process).

- 6. Following the outcome of any consultation (Federal Lands or Non-Federal Lands) to address the discovery of human remains, USACE will coordinate with any contractor(s) regarding any required scope of project modification necessary to implement recommendations from the consultation and facilitate proceeding with the Amended Undertaking.
- C. <u>Specific Authorities and Processes for Addressing Human Remains</u>: If human remains, funerary objects, Native American sacred objects, or Native American objects of cultural patrimony are encountered during project field investigations or laboratory work or during construction activities, the USACE will comply with the provisions based on the nature of the land ownership at the time remains or objects are encountered, in accordance with Engineering Regulation 1102-2-100 (Policy & Guidance), Appendix C-4.
 - 1. <u>Federal Lands:</u> If discovered/recovered from *Federal lands*, USACE shall concurrently implement processes defined in this Amended Agreement, satisfying NHPA, as well as
 - ensuring consultation with appropriate Federally-recognized Tribes for any human remains, funerary objects, Native American sacred objects, or Native American objects of cultural patrimony (objects) as required by the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act of 1990 (NAGPRA), as amended (25 U.S.C. §§ 3001-3014) and its implementing regulations (43 C.F.R. Part 10); and
 - ensuring the appropriate provisions of the Archaeological Resources Protection Act, 16 USC §§ 470aa et seq., are followed.
 - a. For discoveries of human remains, burials, funerary objects, Native American sacred objects, or Native American objects of cultural patrimony, USACE will continue to consult with the SHPO(s), claimant Federally-recognized Tribes, and other affected parties, as appropriate, whether they are Signatories to this Amended Agreement or not, regarding additional measures to avoid and protect or mitigate the adverse effect of the Amended Undertaking. These measures may include:
 - i. Visits to the site by the SHPO(s), claimant Federally-recognized Tribes, and other affected parties, as appropriate;
 - ii. Formally evaluate the archaeological site for NRHP-eligibility;
 - iii. Explore potential avoidance alternatives;
 - iv. Develop and implement a mitigation plan in consultation and concurrence with the SHPO(s), claimant Federally-recognized Tribes, and other affected parties, as appropriate, including procedures for disinterment and re-interment.
 - b. Initial Determination of nature of discovered Human Remains when from Federal Lands (Native American or Other)
 - i. USACE, in consultation with the SHPO(s) and claimant Federally-recognized Tribes, whether they are Signatories to this Amended Agreement or not, and other affected parties, may consult with a qualified physical anthropologist, forensic scientist, or other experts as may be needed to examine and assess the discovery. Unless the remains were inadvertently removed, the evaluation will be conducted at the site of discovery. Other than for crime scene investigation, no excavation, examination, photographs, or analysis of Native American human remains or remains suspected of being Native American will be conducted or allowed by USACE archaeologists or any other professional without first consulting with the claimant Federally-recognized Tribes, whether they are Signatories to this Amended Agreement or not. The consulting expert will be allowed to draw and measure the exposed remains and

associated funerary objects. Drawings cannot be published in any form or shown as part of scholarly presentations without the written permission of the appropriate Tribes or next living descendant.

- ii. USACE, in consultation with the SHPO(s), claimant Federally-Recognized Tribes, and other affected parties, as appropriate, whether they are Signatories to this Amended Agreement or not, will have seven (7)-days to determine if the skeletal remains are human, the degree to which they were disturbed, and if possible, using reasonable measures to assess their potential age, cultural affiliation, and identity, without any further disturbance. Upon making a determination or at the end of the seven (7)-days, whichever comes first, USACE will notify the appropriate affected parties of its findings. This notification will include pertinent information as to kinds of human remains, funerary objects, Native American sacred objects, or Native American items of cultural patrimony discovered, their condition, and the circumstances of their inadvertent discovery.
- iii. If the remains are determined NOT to be Native American in origin, USACE will follow the principals outlined in the 2007 ACHP "Policy Statement Regarding Treatment Of Burial Sites, Human Remains and Funerary Objects" to respectfully treat the remains and determine proper disposition, disinterment, re-interment, and memorialization, as well as any Real Estate guidance at the time of the discovery.
- c. Initiating NAGPRA Consultation following Inadvertent Discoveries/Recovery of Human Remains from Federal Lands
 - i. For the purposes of notification and consultation of an inadvertent discovery, USACE considers the Consulting Tribes, and Federally-recognized Tribes who have identified the County/Parish as an area of interest are likely to be cultural affiliated with inadvertently discovered NAGPRA items found on a specific Work Item.
 - ii. Upon certification of an inadvertent discovery of NAGPRA items by the responsible Federal official, the USACE shall notify the consulting Federally-recognized Tribes. This notification will be made via email and telephone call to the appropriate consulting Tribes' Primary POC within twenty-four (24) hours, and include concurrent hard copy written notification, via regular mail. Notifications shall include a copy of the field documentation and a list of all other parties being notified.
 - iii. No later than three (3) days after the email and telephone notification, the consulting Federally-recognized Tribes and/or claimant Federally-recognized Tribe shall agree to a date and time for a teleconference to begin the consultation process.
- d. Consultation for Inadvertent Discoveries//Recovery of Human Remains from Federal Lands that are Native American
 - i. Consultation will begin with the teleconference with all consulting Federallyrecognized Tribes and/or claimant Federally-recognized Tribe. At this time both parties may determine that the cause of the inadvertent discovery is not on-going, that the location where the discovery occurred is secure (or can be secured), and that the NAGPRA items do not need to be removed.

- ii. If all consulting parties participating in the consultation reach the same conclusion under A above, then the USACE will issue a written notice to all parties concluding that the location of the inadvertent discovery is secure and that the NAGPRA items will be left in place. If any consulting parties disagree with this assessment, then consultation will progress with all consulting parties including the signatories to this Amended Agreement.
- iii. If consensus is not attained, the USACE will notify, in writing, all consulting Federally-recognized Tribes of its intent to complete consultation with a written plan of action in accordance with 43 CFR § 10.5(e). The USACE will produce a NAGPRA plan of action which details the steps it will follow to complete the NAGPRA consultation process (43 CFR § 10.5(e)). This plan will contain a) a list of all materials considered to be NAGPRA items, b) the planned treatment, care, and handling of the materials, c) any planned recording of the find location as an archaeological site, d) any analysis planned for the remains, e) and a description of any anticipated summary reports. USACE and the consulting Federally-recognized Tribes will create a template plan of action to be on file.
- iv. Within thirty (30) days of receipt of notice to consult and the action plan, the consulting Federally-recognized Tribes agree to provide a summary response containing the names and contact info for any potential lineal descendants, recommendations on any topics that should be included in consultation, request for any additional consultation meetings, recommendations for any treatment actions for the location of the discovery, and a list of any items that should be considered as NAGPRA items. Submission of this report does not preclude on-going discussion on any of these topics as consultation progresses.
- v. Based on the responses received, USACE may choose to update and resubmit the plan of action to all consulting parties, but at a minimum will notify all consulting parties in writing of its intent to implement the plan of action previously presented to the consulting parties.
- vi. At the conclusion of implementation of the plan of action, USACE will provide all of the consulting parties, in writing, copies of the draft Notice of Intended Disposition, and will provide the consulting parties thirty (30) days to comment.
- e. Process to Determine Disposition of Native American Human Remains from Federal Lands
 - i. Once the thirty (30) days has commenced after providing the consulting parties with the draft copy of the Notice of Intended Disposition, and considering all comments, USACE will publish the Notice of Intended Disposition in a newspaper of general circulation in the local area, and also in a newspaper of general circulation in the local area for the Tribes. Both notices will be published a second time, at least one week later.
 - ii. Copies of the Notice of Intended Disposition, as well as a description of when and where it was published, will be provided to the National Parks Service, National NAGPRA program.
 - iii. USACE anticipates that during the notice period described above, discussions will begin with the appropriate claimant Federally-recognized Tribe/s regarding disposition. Disposition will generally take the form of a physical transfer of custody

and reburial on USACE lands, or the claimant Federally-recognized Tribe/s may choose to rebury privately once the Tribe assumes control over the NAGPRA items.

- 2. <u>Non-Federal Lands</u>: If human remains are recovered *from State or other private land*, USACE will require that Mississippi laws are followed, as outlined by state statute. As requested, and to the extent of its legal authority, USACE will support the state lead (Designated Authority) in following the State's processes related to discovery, disposition, disinterment, re-interment, and memorialization.
 - a. Mississippi: Mississippi statutes related to the discovery of human remains are collected below.
 - i. Burial Excavation Permits (Native American only). Miss. Code§§ 25-59-1, 39-7-19 (1972, as amended);
 - ii. Abandoned Cemeteries, House Bill 780 (https://www.mdah.ms.gov/historicpreservation/archaeology/permits); and
 - iii. For unanticipated discoveries on private, county, or state land in Mississippi, which are Native American, The Chief Archaeologist is the lead authority and will consult with USACE, Tribe(s), landowner, and descendants as appropriate to determine the necessary course of action.
 - b. Regardless of state, if the human remains recovered are determined to be Native American, USACE, in conjunction with the NFS, will identify and secure a mutually agreeable reburial location in which to reinter the human remains removed from the project area. Other arrangements may define at the time it is determined that Native American human remains have been recovered, but will include at a minimum:
 - i. In person consultation regarding the human remains and any objects;
 - ii. The identification of a reburial location as close to the disinterment location as feasible;
 - iii. A commitment on the part of USACE to facilitate the reburial by an affiliated Tribe and to protect the human remains and associated grave goods, at no cost to the Federally-recognized Tribes, or the SHPO(s); and
 - iv. Acknowledgment of the establishment of the cemetery in the administrative record and in the real estate records as determined best at time of reburial.
 - c. If the remains are determined NOT to be Native American in origin, USACE will follow the principals outlined in the 2007 ACHP "Policy Statement Regarding Treatment Of Burial Sites, Human Remains and Funerary Objects" to respectfully treat the remains and determine proper disposition, disinterment, re-interment, and memorialization, as well as any USACE real estate guidance at the time of the discovery.

X. Provisions for Post-Review Discoveries (Non-Human Remains)

A. USACE is responsible for complying with 36 C.F.R. § 800.13(a) in the event of inadvertent discoveries of Historic Properties during implementation of the Project. Discoveries of previously unidentified Historic Properties or unanticipated adverse effects to known Historic Properties are not anticipated, however if there is an inadvertent discovery or unanticipated effect, USACE will ensure that the following stipulations are met. These provisions will be included in all construction, operations, and maintenance plans and project managers will brief field personnel.

- **B.** If previously unreported properties that may be eligible for nomination to the NR or that may be of significance to Federally-recognized Tribes, and/or, if unanticipated effects on historic properties are found during the construction phase, USACE will implement the provisions outlined below that are intended to ensure that the Amended Undertaking is in compliance with all applicable federal and state laws and regulations, including Section 106 of the NHPA:
- C. If there is no reasonable expectation that the property contains human remains, funerary objects, Native American sacred objects, or Native American objects of cultural patrimony, all work within a fifty (50) meter (164 ft.) radius buffer zone must stop immediately. If Human Remains are located or suspected, provision of Stipulation IX will be followed. USACE will notify SHPO and Federally-recognized Tribes, as appropriate, as well as any other affected party, of the discovery, and implement interim measures to protect the discovery from theft and vandalism. Construction may continue outside the fifty (50) meter (164 ft.) radius buffer zone. Within seventy-two (72) hours of receipt of notification of the discovery, USACE, as appropriate, will:
 - 1. Inspect the work site to determine the extent of the discovery and ensure that work activities have halted within the fifty (50) meter (164 ft) radius buffer zone;
 - 2. Clearly mark the area of the discovery;
 - 3. Implement additional measures, as appropriate, to protect the discovery from theft and vandalism; and
 - 4. Provide an initial assessment of the site's condition and eligibility to the MS SHPO and appropriate Federally-recognized Tribes; and
 - 5. Notify other Consulting Parties, if applicable, of the discovery.
- **D.** If USACE, in consultation with the SHPO(s), Consulting Tribes, and other Consulting Parties, as appropriate, determines the site is either isolated, does not retain integrity sufficient for listing on the NRHP, or will not be further disturbed by construction activities, construction may resume within the fifty (50) meter (164 ft) radius buffer zone.
- E. If USACE determines that the cultural resource site or artifact either is, or may be, eligible for inclusion on the NRHP, USACE will consult with the SHPO(s), Consulting Tribes, and other Consulting Parties, as appropriate, regarding appropriate measures for site treatment pursuant to 36 C.F.R. § 800.6(a). The SHPO(s) and Tribes will have seven (7)-days to provide their objections or concurrence on the proposed actions. These measures may include:
 - 1. Formal archaeological evaluation of the site;
 - 2. Visits to the site by SHPO(s) and/or Consulting Tribes;
 - 3. Exploration of potential alternatives to avoid the site;
 - 4. Preparation and implementation of a mitigation plan by USACE in consultation and concurrence with the SHPO(s), Consulting Tribes, and other Consulting Parties, as appropriate.
- **F.** The notified Consulting Parties will have seven (7)-days following notification to provide comment regarding USACE's determination of the NRHP eligibility of the discovery.

- **G.** A report of findings describing the background history leading to and immediately following the reporting and resolution of an inadvertent discovery will be prepared by USACE within thirty (30)-days of the resolution of each inadvertent discovery.
- H. USACE will communicate the procedures to be observed with its contractors and personnel.
- I. USACE will provide Notice to Proceed to the contractor to work in the area. Notices to Proceed may be issued by USACE for individual construction segments, defined by USACE in its construction specifications, after the identification and evaluation of historic properties has been completed.

XI. DISPUTE RESOLUTION

- A. Should any Signatory or Concurring Party to this Amended Agreement object at any time to any actions proposed or the way the terms of this Amended Agreement are implemented, the USACE shall consult with such party to resolve the objection. If USACE determines that such objection cannot be resolved, the USACE will forward all documentation relevant to the dispute, including the USACE's proposed resolution, to the ACHP. The ACHP shall provide USACE with its advice on the resolution of the objection within thirty (30) days of receiving adequate documentation. Prior to reaching a final decision on the dispute, the USACE shall prepare a written response that takes into account any timely advice or comments regarding the dispute from the ACHP, Signatories, and Invited Signatories, and provide them with a copy of this written response. The USACE will then proceed according to its final decision.
- **B.** If the ACHP does not provide its advice regarding the dispute within the thirty (30) day time period, the USACE may make a final decision on the dispute and proceed accordingly. Prior to reaching such a final decision, USACE shall prepare a written response that takes into account any timely comments regarding the dispute from the Signatories and Invited Signatories to the Amended Agreement and provide them and the ACHP with a copy of such written response.
- **C.** The USACE's responsibility to carry out all other actions subject to the terms of this Amended Agreement that are not the subject of the dispute remain unchanged.

XII. SEVERABILITY, WITHDRAWAL, AND TERMINATION

- A. The SHPO or any Invited Signatory may withdraw from this Amended Agreement after providing USACE written notice ninety (90) calendar days prior to its withdrawal. USACE shall consult with the withdrawing party to identify any mutually acceptable measures that would avoid the party's withdrawal. If mutually acceptable measures are identified that would require amendment to the PA, USACE will go through the amendment procedures outlined in Stipulation XIII.
- B. In the case of SHPO withdrawal, the Amended Agreement would no longer apply within that SHPO(s)' state and USACE would comply with 36 CFR Part 800 for all elements associated with the Amended Undertaking previously subject to this Amended Agreement in that state. In the case of an Invited Signatory withdrawing from the Amended Agreement, USACE would consult with that Tribe pursuant to 36 CFR Part 800 for all elements associated with the Amended Undertaking as previously subject to this Amended Agreement that would have the potential to affect historic properties of religious and cultural significance to the Tribe. This Amended Agreement would remain in effect in all other jurisdictions and for all other parties.
- **C.** Signatories and Invited Signatories, who execute this Amended Agreement, may terminate this Amended Agreement by providing thirty (30) days written notice to the other Signatories, provided that the Signatories consult during this period to seek amendments or other actions that would prevent termination. If this Amended Agreement is terminated, USACE shall comply with Section 106

through other applicable means pursuant to 36 CFR Part 800. Upon such determination, USACE shall provide all other Signatories and ACHP with written notice of the termination of this Amended Agreement.

- D. A Consulting Tribe may notify the other Signatories that it is fully withdrawing from participation in the Amended Agreement. Following such a withdrawal, USACE shall review Amended Undertakings that may affect historic properties of religious and cultural significance to the Consulting Tribe in accordance with 36 CFR §§ 800.3 through 800.7, 36 CFR § 800.8(c), or an applicable alternative under 36 CFR § 800.14. Withdrawal from this Amended Agreement by a Consulting Tribe does not otherwise terminate the Amended Agreement. At any time that this Amended Agreement remains in effect, a Consulting Tribe that has withdrawn from the Amended Agreement may notify USACE and SHPO(s) in writing that it has elected to participate again in the Amended Agreement.
- E. In the event any provision of this Amended Agreement is deemed by a Federal court to be contrary to, or in violation of, any applicable existing law or regulation of the United States of America, only the conflicting provision(s) shall be deemed null and void, and the remaining provisions of the Amended Agreement shall remain in effect.

XIII. AMENDMENTS

A. The Amended Undertaking

May not be subject to amending if the scope and nature of the Amended Undertaking is significantly altered, modified, or changed such that it no longer reflects the scope and nature of the Amended Undertaking as defined and detailed in the Yazoo Backwater Water Management Area FEIS, currently listed in Amended Appendix A and Stipulation I.E.

B. Body of the Amended Programmatic Agreement:

May be further amended when such an amendment is agreed to in writing by all Signatories and Invited Signatories. The amendment will be effective on the date a copy signed by all of the Signatories and Invited Signatories is filed with the ACHP.

C. Amended Appendices:

May be further amended at the request of USACE or another Signatory or Invited Signatory in the following manner:

- 1. USACE, on its own behalf or on behalf of another Signatory or Invited Signatory, shall notify the Signatories of the intent to modify the current Amended Appendix or Appendices and shall provide a draft of the updated Amended Appendix or Appendices to all Signatory parties.
- If no Signatory or Invited Signatory objects in writing within thirty (30) days of receipt of USACE's proposed modification, USACE shall date and sign the amended Appendix and provide a copy of the amended Appendix to the other Signatories. Such an amendment shall go into effect on the date USACE transmits the amendment to the other Signatories.
- 3. Current List of Amended Appendices:
 - a. Amended Appendix A: Proposed Work Items
 - b. Amended Appendix B: Point of Contacts (POC)
 - c. Amended Appendix C: (Reserved for Correspondence)
 - d. Amended Appendix D: Treatment Measures

D. Any Amendments to the Body of the Amended Agreement or the Appendices, shall be posted to the websites currently tracking the implementation of the Amended Undertaking.

XIV. DURATION

- A. The Amended Agreement shall expire ten (10) years from the date of the last signature. One (1) year prior to the expiration of the Amended Agreement, the USACE shall review the Amended Agreement in order to determine whether it should be reissued or allowed to expire. If the Amended Agreement requires reissue, the USACE shall consult with the Consulting Parties, as well as amend the Amended Agreement in order to ensure compliance with the most current version of the Federal regulations implementing the NHPA.
- **B.** The Signatories and Invited Signatories may collectively agree to extend this Amended Agreement to cover additional calendar years, or portions thereof, through an amendment provided that the original Amended Agreement has not expired.

XV. ANTI-DEFICIENCY ACT

USACE's obligations under this Amended Agreement are subject to the availability of appropriated funds, and the stipulations of this Amended Agreement are subject to the provisions of the Anti-Deficiency Act. USACE shall make reasonable and good faith efforts to secure the necessary funds to implement this Amended Agreement in its entirety. If compliance with the Anti-Deficiency Act alters or impairs USACE's ability to implement the stipulations of this Amended Agreement, USACE shall consult in accordance with the amendment procedures found at Stipulation XIII and termination procedures found at Stipulation XII.

XVI. EXECUTION AND IMPLEMENTATION

- **A.** Nothing in this Amended Agreement is intended to prevent the USACE from consulting more frequently with the Consulting Parties concerning any questions that may arise or on the progress of any actions falling under or executed by this Amended Agreement.
- **B.** This Amended Agreement shall be executed in counterparts, with a separate page for each Signatory, and shall become effective on the date the Amended Agreement is signed by or filed with the ACHP.
- **C.** USACE shall ensure that each Signatory and Invited Signatory is provided with an electronic (pdf) and physical copy of the Amended Agreement including signatures. USACE shall provide electronic copies of additional executed signature pages to the Consulting Parties as they are received. USACE shall provide a complete copy of the Amended Agreement with original signatures to any Signatory on request.
- D. Execution of this Amended Agreement by the USACE (Vicksburg District), Signatories, Invited Signatories), the Mississippi Levee Board, and Concurring Parties and implementation of its terms evidence that USACE has taken into account the effects of this Amended Undertaking on historic properties and afforded ACHP a reasonable opportunity to comment on USACE's Proposed Actions on these Features.

SIGNATORY PAGE

FINAL AMENDED PROGRAMMATIC AGREEMENT

AMONG THE U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS (USACE) VICKSBURG DISTRICT; TRIBAL NATIONS; SHPO/STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICERS; AND THE MISSISSIPPI LEVEE BOARD; REGARDING THE YAZOO BACKWATER PROJECT

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Vicksburg District (CEMVK)

Jeremiah A. Gipson Colonel, Corps of Engineers District Commander Date: _____

SIGNATORY PAGE

FINAL AMENDED PROGRAMMATIC AGREEMENT

AMONG THE U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS (USACE) VICKSBURG DISTRICT; TRIBAL NATIONS; SHPO/STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICERS; AND THE MISSISSIPPI LEVEE BOARD; REGARDING THE YAZOO BACKWATER PROJECT

The Mississippi State Historic preservation Officer (MS SHPO)

Blon

Date: 1-14-25

Katie Blount Mississippi State Historic Preservation Officer

INVITED SIGNATORY PAGE

FINAL AMENDED PROGRAMMATIC AGREEMENT

AMONG THE U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS (USACE) VICKSBURG DISTRICT; TRIBAL NATIONS; SHPO/STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICERS; AND THE MISSISSIPPI LEVEE BOARD; REGARDING THE YAZOO BACKWATER PROJECT

Tribal Nation

Nothing in this Amended Agreement shall be construed to waive the sovereign rights and immunities of the Tribal Nation, its officers, employees, or agents.

Date: _____

Chairperson/Chief/Governor/Principal Chief/Mikko/Tribal Governor Tribal Nation

CONCURRING PARTY SIGNATORY PAGE

FINAL AMENDED PROGRAMMATIC AGREEMENT

AMONG THE U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS (USACE) VICKSBURG DISTRICT; TRIBAL NATIONS; SHPO/STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICERS; AND THE MISSISSIPPI LEVEE BOARD; REGARDING THE YAZOO BACKWATER PROJECT

Mississippi Levee Board

nn Kenneth Rodgers, President

Board of Mississippi Levee Commissioners

Date: DECEMBER 31, 2024

Amended Appendix A: Proposed Work Items Yazoo Backwater Water Management Area As of January 2025

The project descriptions below include the latest information regarding Work Items that will be reviewed in accordance with this Amended Agreement. These items are subject to change as additional information and analyses are conducted. In addition, Work Items may be added from other project authorities, but only for alteration or enhancement of the Yazoo Backwater Water Management Area features (Figure A-1 – A-3).

The Proposed Plan includes structural, nonstructural, and mitigation features as discussed below.

1. Structural Features (see Figures A-1 & A-2):

• A 25,000 cubic feet per second (cfs) pump station is proposed adjacent to the Steele Bayou structure. Operation is proposed during two different seasonal ranges. This Recommended Plan/LEDPA, is described as follows:

 Alternative 3 (Recommended Plan): To minimize and/or avoid potential adverse project impacts on the environment and still meet the goals of the project two different operations were proposed; water levels managed at 90.0 feet during crop season (25 March – 15 October) and up to 93.0 feet during non-crop season (16 October - 24 March).

The pump station would be operated according to a pump station operation manual. In its current state, the study area is an isolated system due to the Yazoo Backwater levee and outlet structures preventing inflow of water from the Yazoo-Mississippi Rivers. During potential flood-prone periods with rising Mississippi and Yazoo rivers, the operations plan for the Steele Bayou Water Control Structure (WCS) would allow free movement of water into and out of the lower Yazoo Basin up to an elevation of 75.0 feet, National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 (NGVD 29) before closing the gate.
Management of the flood water levels will be done via the established water control plan but utilized

to its fullest potential to optimize fish passage opportunities. The water control plan will provide the parameters required to manage the hydrologic interaction between the Yazoo River and the backwater tributaries during high Mississippi River stages. No additional real estate is required for this feature.

2. Nonstructural Features:

• <u>Voluntary Acquisition Program</u>: Residential structures and properties below the crop season elevation of 90-feet as well as between the crop and non-crop season elevations (90-93 feet) in the would be voluntarily acquired, and agricultural lands placed within restrictive easements. Property owners that do not participate in an acquisition program could still be offered other nonstructural measures such as flood proofing or raising of structures with the understanding that such properties would remain susceptible to periodic flooding since floodwaters would not be managed during crop (below 90 feet) and non-crop (between 90 and 93 feet) seasons.

3. *Mitigation Features*:

• Installation of 34 supplemental low flow groundwater wells along streams in the northern portion of the Yazoo area to address a range of pre-existing habitat impairments in the Big Sunflower-Steele Bayou drainage systems during the low water season. The supplemental low flow groundwater wells would mitigate for remaining unavoidable losses to aquatic resources attributed to deprivation of adequate oxygen (see Figure A-3).

• <u>Compensatory Mitigation Plan</u>. Construction and operation of the pump station will impact wetlands, waterfowl, fisheries, and terrestrial wildlife due to changes in flood duration and frequency. To offset these impacts, acquisition and reforesting up to 5,722 acres of frequently flooded agricultural land is proposed as well as creating approximately 403 acres of moist soil units to mitigate for anticipated wetland wildlife impacts. Mechanisms to accomplish include the following: existing in lieu fee program; USACE constructed mitigation sites; and/or the use of existing mitigation banks.

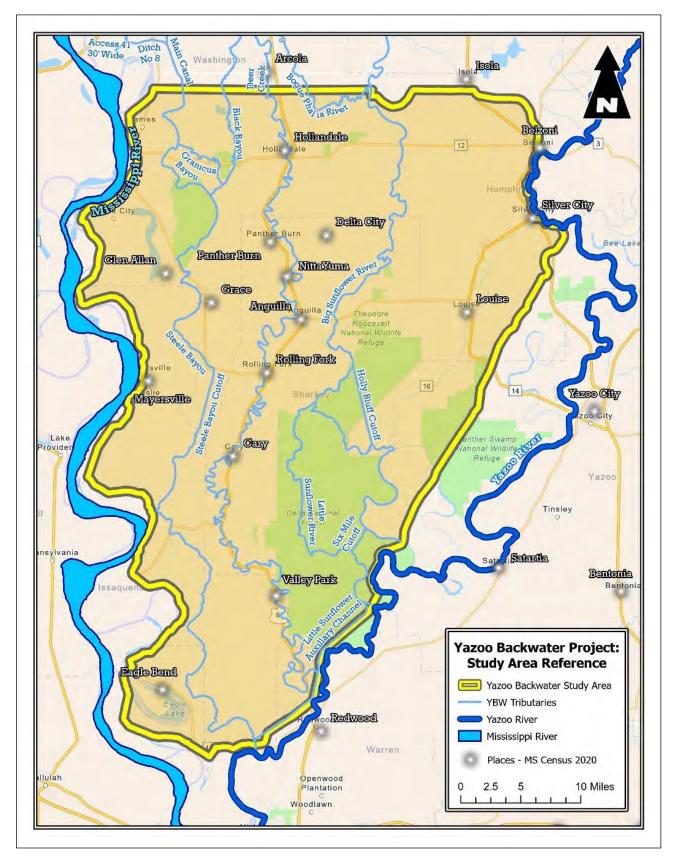


Figure A-1. Yazoo Backwater Area.

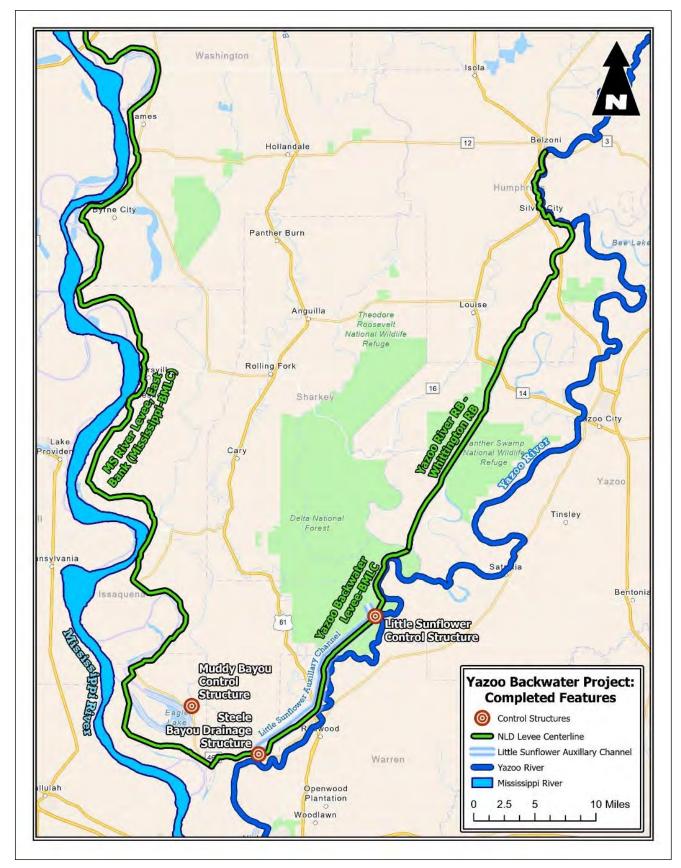


Figure A-2. Completed features of the Yazoo Basin, Yazoo Backwater Water Management Project Area.

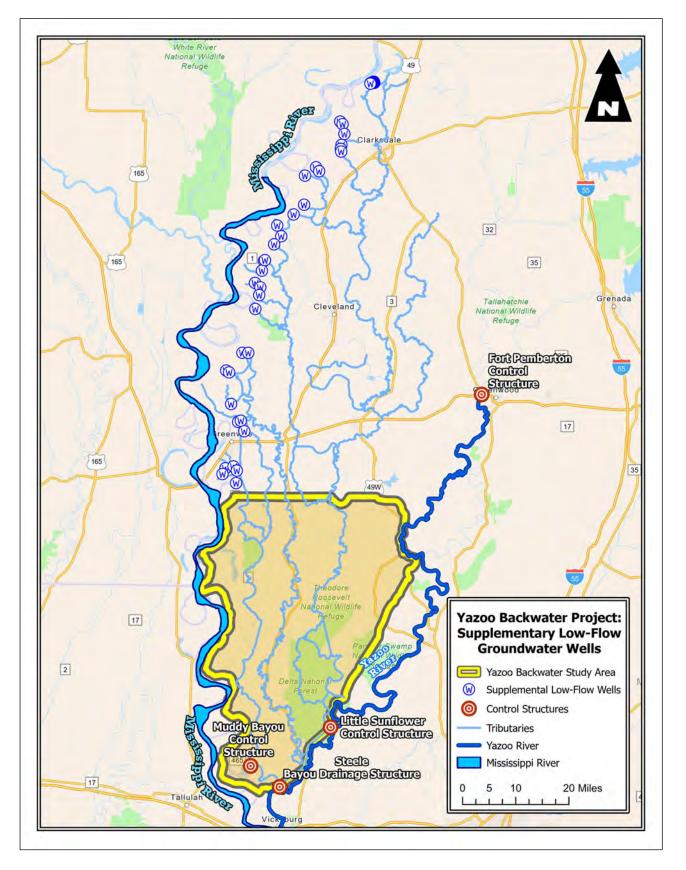


Figure A-3. Locations of the 34 Supplemental Low Flow Groundwater Wells in Relation to the Yazoo Study Area

YBP-HB-RB-1 (Coahoma Latitude: Longitude:	34.273325 -90.703394	
UTM (Zone 15):	Easting = 711425	Northing = 3794849
YBP-HB-RB-2 (Coahoma	•	
Latitude: Longitude:	34.266272 -90.695509	
UTM (Zone 15):		Northing = 3794083
YBP-HB—RB-3 (Coahoma	• •	
Latitude: Longitude:	34.239646 -90.689430	
UTM (Zone 15):		Northing = 3791142
YBP-HB-HB-4 (Coahoma	,	
Latitude: Longitude:	34.209698 -90.698882	
UTM (Zone 15):	Easting = 712000	Northing = 3787801
YBP-HB-HB-5 (Coahoma		
Latitude: Longitude:	34.199029 -90.701078	
UTM (Zone 15):		Northing = 3786613
YBP-HB-HB-6 (Coahoma	• •	
Latitude: Longitude:	34.191527 -90.699784	
UTM (Zone 15):		Northing = 3785784
YBP-HP-HP-7 (Coahoma	• /	
Latitude: Longitude:	34.148420 -90.782139	
UTM (Zone 15):		Northing = 3780834
	Country	
YBP-HP-HP-8 (Coahoma Latitude:	34.1317671	
Longitude:	-90.771853	
UTM (Zone 15):	Easting = 705451	Northing = 3779663
YBP-HP-MS-10 (Bolivar & Coahoma Counties) Latitude: 34.125550		
Longitude:	-90.818169	
UTM (Zone 15):	Easting = 701208	Northing = 3778226
YBP-HP-SB-12 (Bolivar C	ountv)	
	ounty/	

YBP-HP-SB-12 (Bolivar County) Latitude: 34.046181

Longitude: UTM (Zone 15):	-90.820778 Easting = 701155	Northing = 3769418
YBP-HP-EB-13 (Bolivar C Latitude: Longitude: UTM (Zone 15):	34.019554 -90.854977	Northing = 3766398
YBP-BP-BP-14 (Bolivar C Latitude: Longitude: UTM (Zone 15):	33.989223 -90.908447	Northing = 3762932
YBP-BP-BP-15 (Bolivar C Latitude: Longitude: UTM (Zone 15):	33.959868 -90.8595028	Northing = 3759702
YBP-BP-BP-16 (Bolivar C Latitude: Longitude: UTM (Zone 15):	33.937774 -90.918054	Northing = 3757208
YBP-BP-LB-18 (Bolivar Co Latitude: Longitude: UTM (Zone 15):	33.892194 -90.951117	Northing = 3752092
YBP-BP-LB-19 (Bolivar Co Latitude: Longitude: UTM (Zone 15):	ounty) 33.865807 -90.957512 Easting = 688930	Northing = 3749154
YBP-BP-LB-20 (Bolivar Co Latitude: Longitude: UTM (Zone 15):	33.894604 -90.947902	Northing = 3752365
YBP-BP-LB-22 (Bolivar Co Latitude: Longitude: UTM (Zone 15):	33.832277 -90.979902	Northing = 3745394

YBP-BP-LB-23 (Bolivar County)		
Latitude:	33.820262	
Longitude:	-90.962468	

UTM (Zone 15):	Easting = 688572	Northing = 3744093
YBP-BP-LB-24 (Bolivar Co Latitude: Longitude: UTM (Zone 15):	33.799166 -90.966098	Northing = 3741747
YBP-BP-SB-26 (Bolivar C Latitude: Longitude: UTM (Zone 15):	ounty) 33.7611244 -90.978348 Easting = 687230	Northing = 3737519
YBP-DC-SB-27 (Bolivar C Latitude: Longitude: UTM (Zone 15):	33.641581 -90.019729	Northing = 3724175
YBP-DC-BB-28 (Bolivar C Latitude: Longitude: UTM (Zone 15):	ounty) 33.641458 -90.000552 Easting = 685431	Northing = 3724195
YBP-DC-DC-29 (Bolivar C Latitude: Longitude: UTM (Zone 15):	County) 33.592799 -90.071932 Easting = 678911	Northing = 3718673
YBP-DC-DC-30 (Bolivar C Latitude: Longitude: UTM (Zone 15):	county) 33.587776 -90.062583 Easting = 679789	Northing = 3718132
YBP-DC-WB-32 (Washing Latitude: Longitude: UTM (Zone 15):	33.501512 -90.055510	Northing = 3708578
YBP-MC-MC-33b (Washir Latitude: Longitude: UTM (Zone 15):	ngton County) 33.453028 -90.032072 Easting = 682904	Northing = 3703243

 YBP-BB-HB-34 (Washington County)

 Latitude:
 33.456199

 Longitude:
 -90.023326

 UTM (Zone 15):
 Easting = 683710
 Northing = 3703610

YBP-BB-HB-35 (Washing Latitude: Longitude: UTM (Zone 15):	33.427554 -90.011716	Northing = 3700454
YBP-MC-No8-39 (Washin Latitude: Longitude: UTM (Zone 15):	gton County) 33.326338 -90.072216 Easting = 679433	Northing = 3689124
YBP-MC-No6-40 (Washin Latitude: Longitude: UTM (Zone 15):	33.331386 -90.046192	Northing = 3689729
YBP-MC-No8-41 (Washin Latitude: Longitude: UTM (Zone 15):	gton County) 33.310524 -90.081628 Easting = 678589	Northing = 3687354
YBP-MC-No6-43 (Washin Latitude: Longitude: UTM (Zone 15):	33.286261 -90.037283	Northing = 3684741
YBP-MC-No6-44 (Washington County)Latitude:33.320182Longitude:-90.035270UTM (Zone 15):Easting = 682885Northing = 3688506		
YBP-Borrow Area (Issaquena County)Latitude:32.461796Longitude:-90.897512UTM (Zone 15):Easting = 697612Northing = 3593562		
Pumping Station (Warren Latitude: Longitude: UTM (Zone 15):	County) 32.539337 -90.798895 Easting = 706701	Northing = 3602355

Amended Appendix B: Point of Contacts (POC)

CONTACT INFORMATION FOR SIGNATORIES AND FEDERALLY RECOGNIZED TRIBES

Signatories shall provide USACE with updated contact information as it becomes available, and revisions to this Table will be made without an amendment to this Amended Agreement. This Table will be updated annually by USACE and included in the Annual Report.

Most will be all email (excepting reports), others will be mixed electronic and paper. Just a matter of capturing so that district archaeologist/TL has the right tool to communicate in the future.

Federally-Recognized Tribes	
Alabama-Coushatta Tribe of Texas	Alabama-Coushatta Tribe of Texas
Primary: Mr. Delvin Johnson Tribal Historic Preservation Officer (THPO) Alabama-Coushatta Tribe of Texas 571 State Park Road Livingston, TX 77351 Johnson.Delvin@actribe.org	<u>Secondary:</u> Mikko Kanicu Donnis Battise Alabama-Coushatta Tribe of Texas 571 State Park Rd. 56 Livingston, TX 77351
Method of contact for project notification and documentation: email to Primary contact email.	
Alabama-Quassarte Tribal Town	Alabama-Quassarte Tribal Town
Primary: Ms. Samantha Robinson, THPO Alabama-Quassarte Tribal Town P.O. Box 187 Wetumka, OK 74883-0187 samantha.robinson@alabama-quassarte.org Method of contact for project notification and	<u>Secondary:</u> Honorable Tarpie Yargee, Chief Alabama-Quassarte Tribal Town P.O. Box 187 Wetumka, OK 74883-0187
documentation: email to Primary contact email	
Caddo Nation	Caddo Nation
Primary: Mr. Jonathan M. Rohrer, THPO 117 Memorial Lane Binger, OK 73009 jrohrer@mycaddonation.com section106@mycaddonation.com Method of contact for project notification and documentation: email to Primary contact email.	<u>Secondary:</u> Tamara Francis Fourkiller, Chairman Caddo Nation PO Box 487 Binger, OK 73009 <u>tffourkiller.cn@gmail.com</u>
Chickasaw Nation	Chickasaw Nation

Primary: Ms. Karen Brunso, THPO Division of Historic Preservation PO Box 1548 Ada, Oklahoma 74821 (580) 272-1106 <u>Karen.Brunso@chickasaw.net</u> <u>HPO@chicksaw.net</u> Method of contact for project notification and	<u>Secondary:</u> Bill Anoatubby, Governor PO Box 1548 Ada, Ok 74821 (580) 436-2603
documentation: email to <u>HPO@chicksaw.net.</u> Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana	Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana
Primary: Ms. Kimberly S. Walden, THPO Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana 155 Chitimacha Loop Charenton, LA 70523 kswalden@chitimacha.gov Method of contact for project notification and	<u>Secondary:</u> Honorable Melissa Darden, Chairman Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana 155 Chitimacha Loop Charenton, LA 70523
documentation: email to Primary Contact	
Choctaw Nation of Oklahoma <u>Primary:</u> Dr. Ian Thomson Historic Preservation Department Choctaw Nation of Oklahoma P.O. Box 1210 Durant, OK 74702 (580) 924-8280 ithompson@choctawnation.com Ms. Lindsey D. Bilyeu Senior Compliance Review Officer Ibilyeu@choctawnation.com Method of contact for project notification and documentation: email Senior Compliance Review Officer with a copy to THPO.	Choctaw Nation of Oklahoma <u>Secondary:</u> Gary Batton, Chief Choctaw Nation of Oklahoma Attn: Choctaw Nation Historic Preservation Department P.O. Box 1210 Durant, OK 74702-1210 (800) 522-6170 gbatton@choctawnation.com
Jena Band of Choctaw Indians	Jena Band of Choctaw Indians

Primary: Ms. Johnna Flynn, THPO Jena Band of Choctaw Indians P.O. Box 14 Jena, LA 71342 jflynn@jenachoctaw.org Method of contact for project notification and documentation: email to Primary contact. Mississippi Band of Choctaw Indians Primary: Ms. Melanie Carson, THPO Mississippi Band of Choctaw Indians MBCI Planning Office 101 Industrial Rd Choctaw, MS 39350 MCarson@choctaw.org THPO@choctaw.org Method of contact for project notification and documentation: email to THPO@choctaw.org and a copy to the Primary contact. Muscogee (Creek) Nation Primary: Ms. Corrain Loe-Zepeda, THPO Historic and Cultural Preservation Office Muscogee (Creek) Nation P.O. Box 580 Okmulgee, OK 74447 Section106@mcn-nsn.gov Method of contact for project notification and documentation: email to Section106@mcn-nsn.gov.	Secondary: B. Cheryl Smith, Chief Jena Band of Choctaw Indians 1052 Chanaha Hina Street Trout, LA 71371 (318) 992-2717 chief@jenachoctaw.org Mississippi Band of Choctaw Indians Secondary: Ben Cyrus, Chief Mississippi Band of Choctaw Indians 101 Industrial Road Choctaw, MS 39350 (601) 656-5251 info@choctaw.org Muscogee (Creek) Nation Secondary: Principal Chief, David Hill Muscogee (Creek) Nation Historic & Cultural Preservation Office P.O. Box 580 Okmulgee, OK 74447
Quapaw Nation	Quapaw Nation
Primary:	Secondary:

Ms. Billie Burtrum, Preservation Officer, THPO Quapaw Nation Historic Preservation Program (QNHPP) Director Quapaw Nation P.O. Box 765 Quapaw, OK 74363 <u>Billie.Burtrum@quapawnation.com</u> <u>section106@quapawnation.com</u> Method of contact for project notification and documentation: <u>Section106@quapawnation.com</u> and copy to Primary contact.	Honorable Wena Suernaw, Quapaw Nation Chair Quapaw Nation P.O. Box 765 Quapaw, OK 74363-0765 Ms. Cheyenne Greenup, Preservation Officer QNHPP P.O. Box Quapaw, OK 74363 <u>Cheyenne.greenup@quapawnation.com</u>
Seminole Nation of Oklahoma	Seminole Nation of Oklahoma
Primary: Mr. Benjamin Yahola, THPO Seminole Nation of Oklahoma 36645 US-270 Wewoka, OK 74884 yahola.b@sno-nsn.gov Method of contact for project notification and	<u>Secondary:</u> Honorable Lewis J. Johnson, Principal Chief Seminole Nation of Oklahoma 36645 US-270 Wewoka, Oklahoma 74884
documentation: email to Primary Contact.	
Seminole Tribe of Florida	Seminole Tribe of Florida
Primary: Ms. Tina Osceola, THPO Seminole Tribe of Florida 6300 Stirling Road Hollywood, FL 33024 Chairman@semtribe.com	<u>Secondary:</u> Honorable Marcellus W. Osceola Jr., Chairman Seminole Tribe of Florida 6300 Stirling Road Hollywood, FL 33024
Method of contact for project notification and documentation: email to Primary Contact.	
Tunica-Biloxi Tribe of Louisiana	Tunica-Biloxi Tribe of Louisiana
<u>Primary:</u> Mr. Earl J. Barbry, Jr., THPO	<u>Secondary:</u> Chairman Marshall Pierite

Tunica-Biloxi Tribal Historic Preservation	Tunica-Biloxi Tribe of Louisiana
Office	151 Melancon Drive
151 Melancon Drive	Marksville, LA 71351
Marksville, LA 71351	Telephone: (318) 253-9767
Telephone: (800) 272-9767, ext. 6451	marshallpierite@tunica.org
earlii@tunica.org	maronalipionto Otanioa.org
<u>cametorica.org</u>	
Method of contact for project notification and	Mr. Tim Martin, Administrator
documentation: email to Primary Contact and	151 Melancon Drive
copy <u>TMartin@tunica.org</u>	Marksville, LA 71351
	TMartin@tunica.org
United Keetoowah Band of Cherokee	United Keetoowah Band of Cherokee Indians
Indians	
Primary:	Secondary:
Mr. Jason Dalton, THPO	Honorable George Wickliffe, Chief
United Keetoowah Band of Cherokee Indians	United Keetoowah Band of Cherokee Indians
P.O. Box 746	P.O. Box 746
Tahlequah, OK 74465-0746	Tahlequah, OK 74465-0746
jdalton@ukb-nsn.gov	
ukbthpo@ukb-nsn.gov	
Method of contact for project notification and	
documentation: email to Primary Contact and	
copy ukbthpo@ukb-nsn.gov	
SUDOS & Other New Federal	
SHPOS & Other Non-Federal	
Organizations	Advisery Council on Historic Dressmertier
Advisory Council on Historic Preservation	Advisory Council on Historic Preservation
Deimenne	
Primary:	Secondary:
Mr. Christopher Daniel, Program Analyst	Ms. Jamie Loichinger, Director

Advisory Council on Historic Preservation	Office of Federal Agency Programs
401 F Street NW, Suite 308	Advisory Council on Historic Preservation
Washington DC 20001-2637	401 F. Street NW, Suite 308
(202) 517-0223	Washington, DC 20001-2637
e106@achp.gov; <u>cdaniel@achp.gov</u>	(202) 517-0222
e roo e donp.gov, <u>oddniere donp.gov</u>	jloichinger@achp.gov
Mothed of contract for project polification and	Indeninger wachp.gov
Method of contact for project notification and	
documentation: email to e106@achp.gov and	Method of contact for project notification and
copy to Primary contact email.	documentation: email to <u>e106@achp.gov</u> and copy to
	Primary contact email.
Method of contact for other communication:	
email, phone call.	Method of contact for other communication: email,
	phone call
Louisiana Office of Cultural Development	Louisiana Office of Cultural Development
	Louisiana Onice of Cultural Development
Primary:	Secondary:
Ms. Kristin Sanders, State Historic	Dr. Charles "Chip" McGimsey
Preservation Officer	State Archaeologist and Director,
Louisiana Office of Cultural Development	Office Of Cultural Development
P.O. Box 44247	Division Of Archaeology
Baton Rouge, LA 70804-4241	P.O. Box 44247
(225) 342-8200	Baton Rouge, LA 70804
	(225) 219-4598
Method of contact for project notification and	
	E Maile amagimaay@art la gay
documentation: email to	E-Mail: <u>cmcgimsey@crt.la.gov</u>
section106@crt.la.gov	
Method of contact for other communication:	
email, phone call	
Mississippi Department of Archives and	Mississippi Department of Archives and History
History	
-	
Primary:	Secondary:
	Ms. Cindy Carter-Davis, Chief Archaeologist
Ms. Amy D. Morgan Review and Compliance Officer	
Review and Compliance Officer CLG Grants Administrator	State Historic Preservation Office Mississippi Department of Archives and History

State Historic Preservation Office Mississippi Department of Archives and History	Historic Preservation Division P.O. Box 571 Jackson, MS 39205-0571
Historic Preservation Division P.O. Box 571 Jackson, Mississippi 39205-0571 Telephone: Office (601) 576-6957 <u>hbell@mdah.ms.gov</u>	Telephone(office): 601-576-6945 E-mail: <u>ccarterdavis@mdah.ms.gov</u>
Method of contact for project notification and documentation: online submission at <u>https://www.mdah.ms.gov/historic-preservation/section-106-review</u>	
Method of contact for other communication: email, phone call	
Mississippi Levee Board	Mississippi Levee Board
Primary: Mr. Peter Nimrod, Chief Engineer Mississippi Levee Board P.O. Box 637 Greenville, MS 38701 (662) 334-4813 peter@msleveeboard.com	Secondary: Mr. Dustin Herman, Assistant Engineer Mississippi Levee Board P.O. Box 637 Greenville, MS 38701 (662) 334-4813 dustin@msleveeboard.com
Method of contact for project notification and documentation: email to <u>peter@msleveeboard.com</u> .	
Method of contact for other communication: email, phone call	

Amended Appendix C: (Reserved for Correspondence)

Amended Appendix D: Treatment Measures

As provided in Stipulation VII B. 7, if an Amended Undertaking may adversely affect a historic property, USACE may propose to resolve the adverse effect through the application of one or more of the Treatment Measures set out below. The selected measures will be developed by USACE after discussions with the SHPO(s), appropriate Federally-recognized Tribe(s), and other consulting parties, as appropriate, and will be documented in writing (in a Treatment Plan). USACE will provide the SHPO(s), appropriate Federally-recognized Tribe(s), and other consulting parties, as appropriate, with the opportunity to concur on the proposed Treatment Measures as set out in Stipulation VII.B.

The Treatment Plan shall identify, at a minimum and as appropriate: the responsible party/entity that will implement and complete each treatment measure; the scope of work and the standards that will apply to the preparation and distribution of a deliverable; the deliverable(s) (e.g. the quantity, approximate size, materials, content, final ownership/copyrights); measures to ensure that any treatment measure documenting the condition of or requiring the data recovery on the historic property is implemented before the property is adversely affected; any professional qualifications that will be required to prepare deliverable(s) described in the Treatment Measure(s); the repositories and/or parties that will receive copies of a deliverable and the disposition of any deliverable that is not curated; points when USACE, NFS, agent or contractor, SHPO(s)/THPO(s), and/or Federally-recognized Tribes, and other consulting parties, as appropriate, will be given the opportunity to review and comment on the deliverable; and timeframes for each review and deliverable.

USACE will provide written notice to the SHPO(s), appropriate Federally-recognized Tribe(s), and other consulting parties, as appropriate, within sixty (60) days of the completion of the Treatment Measures as required by Stipulation VII. B. USACE shall include information pertaining to the progress of and completion of all Treatment Measures in the annual report pursuant to Stipulation III. USACE Roles and Responsibilities.

Any dispute regarding the implementation of a Treatment Plan will be resolved following the process set out in Stipulation XI, Dispute Resolution.

This Amended Appendix may be amended in accordance with the process set out in Stipulation XIII of this Amended Agreement for amending appendices.

Reminder should there be human remains associated with/anticipated during implementation of a Treatment Plan, review Stipulation IX Treatment of Human Remains to ensure accepted protocols are followed.

If USACE, in consultation with the MS SHPO, Federally-recognized Tribes, and other consulting parties, determines that a treatment measure, including Alternative Mitigation*, *not included* in the list below is in the public interest and is the most appropriate means to resolve an adverse effect, USACE will initiate consultation to develop an MOA or a Programmatic Agreement as set out in Stipulation VII.B.

*Alternate Mitigation means something alternative to either the location or the action that is agreed to be a meaningful offsetting of the adverse effects. Easy examples are for survey of lands unaffected by the project in exchange for no mitigation/data recovery for the specified archaeological site. Agencies have a difficult time justifying the funding for these actions unless it can clearly be demonstrated to be in the public interest.

List of Treatment Measures:

- 1. PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORDATION: USACE, in consultation with the SHPO(s), and/or, Federallyrecognized Tribe(s), and other consulting parties, will select the photographic medium or mediums from the options described below and identify a list of photographs that will serve to document the historic property that will be adversely affected by the Amended Undertaking. The photographic specifications set out below were previously determined by USACE, in consultation with the appropriate SHPO, to meet archival standards and are provided for guidance. Photographic images may include existing drawings and plans. If the parties determine that it is in the public interest to document a property through the preparation of measured drawings, USACE will initiate consultation to develop an MOA.
- A. Recordation for Standing Structures (Flexible Standards): The responsible entity will ensure that a trained professional photograph the exterior and/or interior, if it is accessible, in the selected photographic format(s) with an emphasis on documenting those portions of the exterior and/or interior that will be altered. The trained professional will take photographs of the views identified by USACE, in consultation with the NFS, agent or contractor, SHPO(s), and/or Federally-recognized Tribe(s), and other consulting parties, as appropriate, and will print specifically identified images
 - <u>Digital Photography</u>: The digital photography and color photographs must comply with the "Best" category of requirements from the National Register Photo Policy Fact Sheet: <u>http://www.nps.gov/nr/publications/bulletins/photopolicy/Photo_Policy_update_2013_05_15.pd</u> <u>f</u>, with the following additional requirements:
 - Image files must be saved as both TIFF and JPEG files.
 - Color images must be produced in RGB (Red/Green/Blue) color mode as 24-bit or 48-bit color files.
 - In addition to the requirements specified by the latest National Register Photo Policy, photographs will be digitally labeled to state the address (name of facility, street number, street name, city, and state); date of photograph; description of view, including direction of camera; and name of photographer/agency.
 - 2. <u>35mm Black/White and Color Photography:</u> Photographs must be taken with a 35MM SLR Camera or a 35 MM point-and-shoot camera using 35 MM black/white or color film. Photographs taken with disposable cameras are not acceptable.
 - The 35 mm film black/white or color film photography package will include one (1) full set of 35mm film black/white or color photographs printed on acid free paper specifically designed for color prints, the corresponding 35mm film negatives in acid free sleeves.
 - Photographs will be labeled in pencil on the back to state the address, name of facility, street number, street name, city, and state; date of photograph; description of view, including direction of camera; and name of photographer/agency.
 - 3. <u>Large Format Photography</u>: Photographs must be taken with a large-format view camera with ample movement for perspective correction. The minimal complement of lenses includes a sharp rectilinear wide angle, a normal, and a mildly telephoto lens.
 - Acceptable film formats are 4x5, 5x7, and 8x10. Acceptable polyester-based films include those of medium and slow speed (100 and 400 ASA) produced by Kodak, Ilford, and others.

- The large format film photography package will include one (1) full set of 4 x 5 or 5 x 7-inch photographs printed on acid free paper, the corresponding 4 x 5 or 5 x 7-inch negatives in acid free sleeves.
- Photographs will be labeled in pencil on the back to state the address name of facility, street number, street name, city, and state; date of photograph; description of view, including direction of camera; and name of photographer/agency.
- 4. <u>Video</u>: A video documentary regarding the historic property may include on-camera interviews, archival footage and/or images, current footage of the historic property, and current footage of other similar historic properties. The content and length of the video will be described in the treatment measure.
- 5. <u>Narrative History</u>: A narrative history may be prepared to provide a context for the photographs following the Historic American Building Survey (HABS) Historical Reports: Short or Outline format.
- 6. <u>Recordation Package</u>: The recordation package will include a photo log, printed copies of selected photographs, digital copies of photographs, and may include a narrative history. The recordation package may include reproductions of historic photographs, existing building plans, contemporary sketch plans, and/or maps. All materials will be packaged in archival sleeves and boxes. Archival disks will be used for all digital materials.
- 7. <u>Review</u>: The responsible entity may informally consult with USACE and SHPO, and/or Tribe(s) to select photographs and other images that will be included in the recordation materials. The process to review and finalize the photographs and other images will be described in the treatment measure.
- 8. <u>Distribution</u>: The responsible entity will prepare a minimum of three archival quality copies of the recordation materials and will forward two copies to the SHPO(s) and one copy to the U.S, Army Corps of Engineers, Office of History. In consultation with the NFS, SHPO(s), and/or Federally-recognized Tribe(s), and other consulting parties, as appropriate, may identify additional archives and/or parties that will receive copies of the recordation materials. The responsible entity will provide USACE with documentation confirming that the recordation materials have been archived as described in the treatment measure.
- B. Recordation for Standing Structures (Established Standards): The treatment plan will document the proposed Level and Standard that will be most appropriate to capturing the significance of the historic property prior to alteration and define the responsible entity. Choices will be made between the Historic American Building Standards (HABS), the Historic American Engineering Standards (HAER); or the Historic American Landscape Standards (HALS) at Level III, Level II or Level I. During the development of the Treatment Plan USACE will coordinate with the NPS, SHPO(s) and appropriate Federally-recognized Tribe(s), as necessary to make the selection. For any project requiring recordation to any of these standards, USACE will ensure that a trained professional photograph the exterior and/or interior, if it is accessible, in the selected standard with an emphasis on documenting those portions of the historic property that will be altered or demolished. The trained professional will take photographs of the views identified by USACE, in consultation with the NFS, SHPO(s), and/or the appropriate Federally-recognized Tribe(s), and other consulting parties, as appropriate, and will print specifically identified images and produce the required historical narrative:

2. Public Interpretation

USACE, and/or the NFS shall consult with the SHPO(s), appropriate Federally-recognized Tribe(s), and other consulting parties, as appropriate, to design an educational or public interpretive plan. The educational or public interpretive plan may include historical markers, signs, displays, educational pamphlets, websites, workshops, videos, and other similar mechanisms to educate the public on historic properties within the local community, state, or region. In certain instances the MS SHPO may request that the proposed historical marker conform to the requirements of the state in question, and request that the NFS apply to state programs to provide for a uniform interpretive program.

3. Historical Context Statements

USACE, and/or the NFS shall consult with the SHPO(s), appropriate Federally-recognized Tribe(s), and other consulting parties, as appropriate to identify the topic; audience; framework of a historic context statement; and format for the final deliverable. The context statement may focus on an individual property, a historic district, a set of related properties, or relevant themes as identified in the specific statewide preservation plan or the National Park Service's National Historic Landmark Thematic Framework.

4. Oral History Documentation

USACE, and/or the NFS shall consult with the SHPO(s), appropriate Federally-recognized Tribe(s), and other consulting parties, as appropriate, to identify the list of potential interview candidates; the parameters of the oral history project; qualifications of the individual or individuals conducting the oral interviews; the process for any ongoing coordination with the appropriate SHPO and relevant Tribe(s); and format for the final deliverable.

5. Historic Property Inventory

USACE, and/or the NFS shall consult with the SHPO(s), appropriate Federally-recognized Tribe(s), and other consulting parties, as appropriate, to establish the appropriate level of effort to accomplish an inventory/re-inventory. Efforts may be directed toward the resurvey of previously designated historic properties, per 36 CFR 800.16(I), which have undergone change or lack sufficient documentation, or the survey of new historic properties and/or districts that lack formal designation. The proposed treatment measure will describe the boundaries of the survey area and the data collection method in keeping with the MS SHPO's guidance for surveys and define the survey objective.

6. National Register and National Historic Landmark Nominations

USACE, and/or the NFS shall consult with the SHPO(s), appropriate Federally-recognized Tribe(s), and other consulting parties, as appropriate, to identify the individual properties that would benefit from a completed National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) or National Historic Landmark (NHL) nomination form. Once the parties have agreed to a property, the responsible entity will continue to coordinate with USACE, the MS SHPO, appropriate Federally-recognized Tribe(s), and other consulting parties, as appropriate, through the drafting of the NRHP nomination form or will contact the NHL Program to begin the nomination process. The MS SHPO and/or Federally-recognized Tribe(s) will provide adequate guidance to the responsible entity during the preparation of the nomination form. The responsible entity will work with the MS SHPO to ensure the completed NRHP

form is presented to the particular state's National Register Review Committee in a timely manner for consideration by the State Historic Preservation Officer and the Keeper of the Register.

7. Geo-References of Historical Maps and Aerial Photographs

USACE, and/or the NFS shall consult with the SHPO(s), appropriate Federally-recognized Tribe(s), and other consulting parties, as appropriate, to identify the historical maps and/or aerial photographs for scanning and geo-referencing. Once a list of maps and/or aerial photographs have been agreed upon, the responsible entity will continue to coordinate with USACE, the appropriate SHPO(s), Tribe(s), and other consulting parties, SHPO(s), and/or Tribe(s), and other consulting parties, as appropriate, through the scanning and geo-referencing process and will submit drafts of paper maps and electronic files to USACE, the appropriate SHPO(s), Tribe(s), and other consulting parties, SHPO(s), and/or Tribe(s), and other consulting parties, sa appropriate, for review. The final deliverable produced by the responsible entity will include a 1) paper copy of each scanned image, 2) a geo-referenced copy of each scanned image, 3) original high-resolution digital image of map/aerial photograph in TIFF file format, 4) copies of the user agreements for every geo-referenced image with transferability of use to all parties, 5) a process report outlining the research, and 6) the metadata relating to both the original creation of the paper maps and the digitization process.

8. Archaeological Research Design and Data Recovery Plan

USACE shall develop and implement a data recovery plan with a research design in consultation with the SHPO(s), appropriate Federally-recognized tribe(s), and other consulting parties, as appropriate, to recover data from archaeological properties listed in, or eligible for listing in the NRHP, which will be adversely affected by ground-disturbing activities that are part of the Amended Undertaking. The research design and data recovery plan will be consistent with the Secretary of the Interior's Guidelines for Archaeological Documentation (<u>http://www.nps.gov/history/local-law/arch_stnds_7.htm</u>) ACHP's recommendations on the recovery of significant information from archaeological sites. <u>http://www.achp.gov/archguide.html.</u> All work shall conform to the most current guidelines per the MS SHPO and as augmented by Federally-recognized Tribal or other local guidelines, as provide in Stipulation VI. Standards, and, if applicable, Stipulation IX. Treatment of Human Remains and Items of Religious and Cultural Importance.

9. Marketing Plan for Demolition or Abandonment

USACE, and/or the NFS shall consult with the SHPO(s), appropriate Federally-recognized tribe(s), and other consulting parties, as appropriate, to develop and implement a feasible marketing plan to advertise the availability of historic structures identified for demolition or abandonment for sale and/or relocation. A good faith and reasonable marketing plan will include publicizing and advertising the property in newspapers, magazines, and/or websites of record for a specific period of time. The plan may require the purchaser to relocate the property outside of the Special Flood Hazard Area (100-year floodplain), and the plan will give preference to a purchaser who proposes to use a professional house mover that follows the recommendations in Moving Historic Buildings by John Obed Curtis (1975, reprinted 1991 by W. Patram for the International Association of Structural Movers) or other similar updated reference material. If a good faith and reasonable marketing effort does not result in the identification of a party or parties willing to purchase and, if necessary, relocate the property, the property may be demolished or abandoned. This marketing plan will be used in conjunction with Treatment Measure I, Recordation Package. USACE will ensure that the property is recorded prior to relocation or demolition.

10. Salvage

The NFS or contractor shall work with USACE, the MS SHPO, and/or appropriate Federallyrecognized Tribe(s), and other consulting parties, as appropriate, to identify selective architectural elements that may be salvaged from a building/structure slated for demolition. The elements will be removed at the agent or contractor's expense. The salvaged elements may be re-used in another structure or in displays for educational purposes. As an alternative, the agent or contractor, in consultation with USACE, NFS, SHPO(s), and/or Tribe(s), and other consulting parties will attempt to identify a private or public not-for-profit local or regional historic preservation organization interested in receiving a donation of the architectural features. The organization may sell the architectural features to the general public for the specific purpose of raising funds to support future historic preservation activities in the region. Any income derived by the agent or contractor from the sale of architectural features may be considered project income by the program to be deducted from proceeds of the grant. Salvage activities shall not occur at or below grade in order to avoid affecting unevaluated archaeological resources.

11. Assessment and Reduction of Vibratory Affects

USACE, and/or the NFS shall consult with the SHPO(s), appropriate Federally-recognized tribe(s), and other consulting parties, as appropriate, to develop and implement a feasible vibratory reduction strategy. The plan will follow the best practices outlined in NCHRP 25-25, Current Practices to Address Construction Vibration and Potential Effects to Historic Buildings Adjacent to Transportation Projects (2012) or similar. Generalized steps are the following: 1) Consultation between historic building owner, Project Delivery Team and reviewing agencies such as SHPO and local planning departments to identify potential risks, negotiate changes and agreement on protective measures. 2) Documentation of the condition of the building prior to commencement of adjacent work, including a detailed photo survey of existing damage as specified in the specific treatment plan. 3) Establishment of vibration limits not to be exceeded based on condition of building, founding soil conditions, and type of construction vibration. 4) Implementation of protective measures at both the construction site and the historic building, which could include specific means and methods to be used and those that will not be used and as specified in the BCOES. 5) Implement regular monitoring during construction to identify damage, evaluate the efficacy of protective measures already in place and to identify and implement additional corrective steps. The results of any implemented plan will be shared with the consulting parties to the specific adverse effect and summarized in the annual plan.

12. Public Participation in Effects Mitigation/Resolution

USACE shall include public participation in developing and implementing mitigation measures. Providing information and opportunities for the public to interact with historic properties reinforces the public value of the Section 106 review process. Public participation measures can be incorporated as standalone stipulations, or there can be a public or community involvement aspect incorporated in another stipulation. Interpretation stipulations can encompass a range of activities designed to make information about the significance of historic properties accessible to the public. Agencies and consulting parties should consider the vast array of possible interpretive efforts, including but not limited to the following:

- Development of websites
- Managing and enhancing heritage tourism
- Interpretive or wayside panels/signage
- Articles and scholarly papers/presentations

- Development of school curriculum and vocational training
- Partnering with Tribal parties for interpretation and education
- Involving community or youth groups in implementation of interpretation
- A comprehensive program of documentation and research leading to a variety of interpretive products: videos, podcasts, apps, websites, brochures, books, museum exhibits, visitor kiosks, lesson plans, posters, walking tours, pocket guides, and games.

13. Indigenous Knowledge/Traditional Ecological Knowledge/Native Science

USACE recognizes the importance of Indigenous Knowledge (IK), also known as Traditional Ecological Knowledge (TEK) or Native Science, in its work with Tribal Nations (see Engineering Pamphlet [EP]-1105-2-64) (<u>https://www.publications.usace.army.mil/Portals/76/EP%201105-2-64_2024%2002%2022.pdf</u>). This represents a body of knowledge that includes observations, practices, beliefs, and innovations developed by Indigenous Peoples over thousands of years. It is based on direct contact with the environment and is often passed down through generations. The USACE's Tribal Consultation Policy recognizes and promotes Tribal sovereignty and self-determination. The policy emphasizes the use of Indigenous Knowledge and Tribal expertise in the USACE's Civil Works programs. USACE and consulting parties should consider the vast array of possible partnership opportunities, including but not limited to the following:

- Water resources/watersheds:
 - i. Cultural and natural resource preservation training and public outreach
 - ii. Compensatory mitigation
 - iii. Educational outreach
- Climate change assessments/analyses:
 - i. Weather patterns
 - ii. Drying-up of waterways
 - iii. Impacts on fish and fishing activities
 - iv. Impacts to faunal and floral species of Tribal importance and significance